

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION KANAWHA COUNTY Single Audit For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

RFP# 20-088

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 19, 2021

Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County 200 Elizabeth Street Charleston, WV 25311

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kanawha County Board of Education, Kanawha County, West Virginia (the Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Board's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Tax - Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll - Litigation Support - Financial Investigations Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants



Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kanawha County Board of Education, Kanawha County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Board. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, schedules of net pension and OPEB liabilities and pension and OPEB contributions and required budgetary comparisons for the General Current Expense and Special Revenue Funds, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Board's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The budgetary comparison information for the Debt Service Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund, the Schedule of Changes in School Activity Funds, the Schedule of Excess Levy Revenues and Expenditures, and the Schedule of State Grant Receipts and Expenditures provide additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2021, on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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Marietta, Ohio

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Our discussion and analysis of the Kanawha County Board of Education's (Board) financial performance provides an overview of the Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Board's basic financial statements, which are presented immediately following this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The Board's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$283.8 million (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of this amount, approximately \$38.1 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Board's total net position increased by approximately \$39.2 million. This increase is primarily attributable to the overall increase in property taxes and unrestricted state aid.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Board's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$94.3 million, an increase of approximately \$24.3 million in comparison with the prior year. The largest portion of this increase was related to the increase in property tax and unrestricted state aid.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund represented a fund balance of approximately \$0.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Board's basic financial statements. The Board's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements - The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Board's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing or related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages following this report.

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Board can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Board maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special revenue fund, cares act special revenue fund, debt service fund, and the permanent improvement fund, all of which are considered major funds.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statement because the Board cannot use these funds to finance its operations.

The Board uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 8 of the basic financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on the pages following the basic financial statements.

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

District-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Board, assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$284.3 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

| | 2020 Governmental Activities | 2019 Governmental Activities | Variance |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 149,981,568 | \$ 110,169,374 | \$39,812,194 |
| Capital assets | 233,956,073 | 205,799,273 | 28,156,800 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 15,698,753 | 20,130,738 | (4,431,985) |
| Total assets and deferred outflows | \$ 399,636,394 | \$ 336,099,385 | \$63,537,009 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION | | | |
| Liabilities and deferred inflows: | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | \$ 51,587,171 | \$ 33,661,687 | \$17,925,484 |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 21,753,516 | 10,784,836 | 10,968,680 |
| Net pension liability - proportionate share | 11,789,229 | 10,069,457 | 1,719,772 |
| Net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability - proportionate share | 10,259,346 | 23,559,234 | (13,299,888) |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 20,375,520 | 13,410,651 | 6,964,869 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows | 115,764,782 | 91,485,865 | 24,278,917 |
| Net position: | | | |
| Invested in capital assets' | 202,806,894 | 190,632,371 | 12,174,523 |
| Restricted | 42,945,009 | 40,937,512 | 2,007,497 |
| Unrestricted | 38,119,709 | 13,043,637 | 25,076,072 |
| Total net position | 283,871,612 | 244,613,520 | 39,258,092 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position | \$ 399,636,394 | \$ 336,099,385 | \$63,537,009 |

The key elements of the increase of the Board's net position for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

- Current and other assets increased by approximately \$39.8 million, which primarily represents an increase in cash and cash equivalents, investments, and receivables.
- Capital assets increased by approximately \$28.2 million which represents the net amount
 of capital asset additions in excess of capital asset disposals and related depreciation
 expense.
- GASB 68/71 requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows. The net pension liability increased by approximately \$1.7 million to approximately \$11.8 million at June 30.
- GASB 75 requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows. The Net OPEB liability decreased by approximately \$13.3 million to approximately \$10.3 million at June 30.
- Deferred outflows decreased by approximately \$4.4 million and deferred inflows increased by approximately \$7.0 million.

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

- The largest portion of the Board's net position (71%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Board uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Board's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.
- An additional portion of the Board's net position (15%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of the restricted balance is for capital projects and special projects.
- The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, (14%) represents cash and other receivable balances and may be used to meet the Board's obligations to students, employees, and creditors and to honor next year's budget.

The Board's net position increased by approximately \$39.2 million during the current year. This increase is primarily attributable to an overall increase in property taxes and unrestricted state aid.

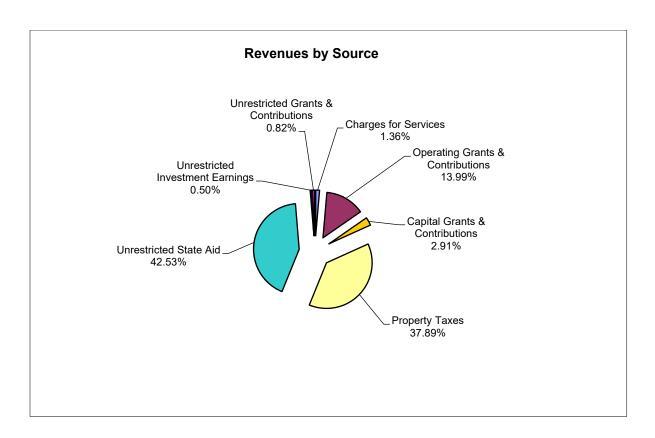
| | 2020 Governmental Activities | 2019 Governmental Activities | Variance |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 4,626,596 | \$ 4,812,604 | \$ (186,008) |
| Operating grants and contributions | 47,569,652 | 54,595,410 | (7,025,758) |
| Capital grants and contributions | 9,895,096 | 7,194,863 | 2,700,233 |
| General revenues: | | | |
| Property taxes | 128,874,920 | 107,786,023 | 21,088,897 |
| Unrestricted state aid | 144,660,130 | 126,342,104 | 18,318,026 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 1,698,587 | 1,747,199 | (48,612) |
| Unrestricted grants and contributions | 2,774,582 | 2,867,381 | (92,799) |
| Gain (loss) on sale of assets | (1,644,229) | 41,712 | (1,685,941) |
| Total revenues | 338,455,333 | 305,387,296 | 33,068,038 |
| Expenses: | | | |
| Instruction | 164,665,420 | 173,000,219 | (8,334,799) |
| Supporting services: | | | |
| Students | 15,375,302 | 14,959,260 | 416,042 |
| Instructional staff | 8,010,955 | 8,172,738 | (161,783) |
| District admin. | 2,393,885 | 2,363,184 | ` 30,701 |
| School admin. | 15,433,801 | 14,713,934 | 719,867 |
| Business services | 9,981,532 | 8,008,392 | 1,973,140 |
| Operation and maintenance | 41,476,556 | 34,371,183 | 7,105,373 |
| Transportation | 15,210,615 | 15,478,239 | (267,624) |
| Total supporting services | 107,882,647 | 98,066,930 | 9,815,717 |
| Food services | 22,084,232 | 19,644,422 | 2,439,810 |
| Community services | 4,444,416 | 4,381,761 | 62,655 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 120,526 | 273,817 | (153,291) |
| Total expenses | 299,197,241 | 295,367,149 | 3,830,092 |
| Change in net position before transfers | 39,258,092 | 10,020,147 | 29,237,945 |
| Extraordinary item: Capital asset impairment | - | - | - |
| Change in net position | 39,258,092 | 10,020,147 | 29,237,945 |
| Net position - July 1 | 244,613,520 | 234,593,373 | 10,020,147 |
| Net position - June 30 | \$ 283,871,613 | \$ 244,613,520 | \$ 39,258,093 |
| | | | |

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The key elements of the increase of the Board's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

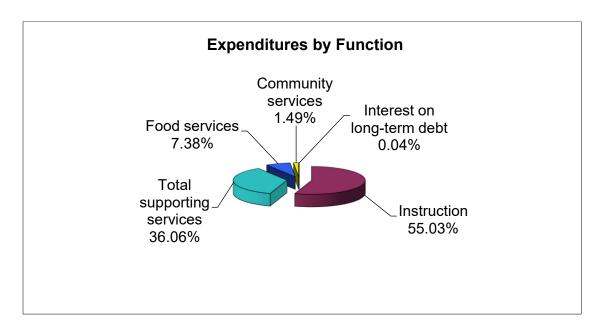
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by approximately \$7 million with the decrease in various federal and state grants.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by approximately \$2.7 million which was primarily the result of an increase in West Virginia School Building Authority and FEMA funding for school construction.
- Property taxes increased by approximately \$21.1 million which was primarily the result of the assessed values and the removal of the cap on the excess levy.
- Unrestricted state aid increased by approximately \$18.3 million as a result of a pay raises and certain other increases in allocations.
- The Board had a loss on the sale of the assets of approximately \$1.7 due primarily to the disposal of certain I-pad related technology equipment.
- Overall expenses increased by approximately \$3.8 million primarily due to pay raises, increased costs of food service due to COVID-19 and an overall increase in operation and maintenance.

The following chart shows the Board's revenues for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 by source:



Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The following chart shows the Board's expenditures for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 by function:



Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

As noted earlier, the School Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Board's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As the Board completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$94.3 million. The net change in fund balance was an increase of approximately \$24.3 million which was primarily the result of an increase in property tax and unrestricted state aid.

In addition, the general current expense fund had an assigned fund balance of approximately \$51.2 million. The special revenue fund had a restricted fund balance of approximately \$15.7 million for special projects. In addition, the permanent improvement fund had approximately \$27.2 million restricted for capital projects.

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows as fund balance, which is divided into nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned portions. Nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned indicate the portion of the Board's fund balances that are not available for appropriation. The unassigned fund balance is available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. The Board had an unassigned fund balance of approximately \$0 at June 30, 2020.

The Board had five major funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Those funds are the General Current Expense Fund, Special Revenue Fund, CARES – Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Permanent Improvement Fund.

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

General Current Expense Fund

This is the principal operation fund which accounts for all financial resources of the Board except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund balance increased from approximately \$29.1 million (prior year fund balance) to \$51.4 million (current year fund balance) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As previously discussed, this increase of approximately \$22.3 million was a result of the increase in property tax and unrestricted state aid revenues.

Special Revenue Fund

This is an operating fund of the Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures attributable to state and federal grants and other revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The fund balance decreased from approximately \$18.6 million (prior year fund balance) to \$15.7 million (current year fund balance) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This decrease of approximately \$2.9 million was due primarily to the timing of disbursement of certain state and local grants received in the prior year that were disbursed in the current year.

CARES - Special Revenue Fund

This is an operating fund of the Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures attributable to CARES Act funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The fund balance decreased from approximately \$0 dollars (prior year fund balance) to \$9 thousand deficit (current year fund balance) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This decrease of approximately \$9 thousand was due primarily to the timing of receipt of certain state and federal grants disbursed in the current year that were received after the 60 days.

Debt Service Fund

This is a separate fund used to account for the accumulated resources, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal, and interest. The fund balance remained consistent from approximately \$133 dollars (prior year fund balance) to \$299 dollars (current year fund balance) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Permanent Improvement Fund

This is a separate fund established under the authority of West Virginia Code §18-9B-14 to account for the proceeds of resources and subsequent expenditures for capital improvement activities. The proceeds of the fund must be used only for the support of building and capital improvements and cannot be transferred out of the fund. The fund balance increased from approximately \$22.3 million (prior year fund balance) to \$27.2 million (current year fund balance) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This increase of approximately \$4.9 million was due primarily to the Boards transfer from the general fund of future capital asset improvement dollars.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Board revised the budget. Budget amendments were to reflect changes in programs and related funding. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of approximately \$62.4 million or twenty-two percent in total general fund expenditures. The most significant difference included the budget carryovers.

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The Board's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to approximately \$234.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. The total increase in the Board's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$28.2 million.

| | 2020 Governmental Activities | 2019 Governmental Activities | Variance |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Land | \$ 6,379,956 | \$ 3,344,456 | \$ 3,035,500 |
| Buildings and improvements | 166,282,318 | 168,707,843 | (2,425,525) |
| Land improvements | 5,785,427 | 3,999,549 | 1,785,878 |
| Furniture and equipment | 21,508,476 | 18,272,810 | 3,235,666 |
| Construction in process | 33,999,896 | 11,474,615 | 22,525,281 |
| Total capital assets | \$ 233,956,073 | \$ 205,799,273 | \$ 28,156,800 |

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Capital assets increased by approximately \$28.2 million, which represents the net amount
 of capital asset additions in excess of depreciation expense and capital asset disposals.
- The Board has approximately \$34.0 million in construction in process at year end for work at Andrews Heights Elementary, Ben Franklin Career Center, various turf projects at high schools, and for preliminary work related to the replacement of Clendenin Elementary and Herbert Hoover High School that were destroyed in the 2016 floods. The Board also purchased land for the new Herbert Hoover High School in the amount of \$3.0 million.
- The Board purchased approximately \$12.5 million in vehicles, furniture and equipment which was primarily \$9.7 million in related I-Pads and related computer technology and \$1.8 million of school buses and other transportation vehicles. The Board also had approximately \$2.4 million in land improvements.

Additional information on the Board's capital assets can be found in notes to the basic financial statements.

Long-term debt and other liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Board had the following long-term debt:

| | 2020 Governmental Activities | 2019 Governmental Activities | Variance |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| General obligation bonds | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Capital lease obligations | 27,635,276 | 15,166,902 | 12,468,374 |
| Compensated absences | 1,538,573 | 1,255,281 | 283,292 |
| Net pension liability - proportionate share | 11,789,229 | 10,069,457 | 1,719,772 |
| Net OPEB liability - proportionate share | 10,259,346 | 23,559,234 | (13,299,888) |
| Total debt outstanding | \$ 51,222,424 | \$ 50,050,874 | \$ 1,171,550 |

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Capital lease obligations increased by approximately \$12.5 million which was the result of new capital leases for I-Pad and related technology equipment and various turf projects for the Boards high schools, offset by principal payments. The obligation for compensated absences for vacations increased by approximately \$283 thousand at June 30, 2020. The Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability increased approximately \$1.7 million to \$11.8 million at June 30. The Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability decreased approximately \$13.3 million to \$10.3 million at June 30.

Additional information on the Board's long-term debt can be found in notes to the basic financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the Board's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Board was aware of circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The Board has committed a significant amount of resources to the construction of various projects throughout the County. Cost overruns on these projects, if they were to occur, could have a substantial impact on the Board.
- The Board sustained significant damage at four schools as a result of the June 2016 flooding. Two of the schools will not reopen and two schools reopened after significant repairs. Management is working with insurance companies and FEMA to determine the amount of reimbursement available for the costs and construction of new schools.
- The COVID-19 Pandemic has resulted in numerous changes in how the Board conducts its operations on a day to day basis. In some areas, the Board has reduced costs such as a reduction in fuel costs and substitute costs; however, costs have increased in purchasing certain protective equipment and food service related costs. During 2020, the Board spent an estimated \$ 3.6 million in expenditures related to COVID-19 and anticipates spending approximately \$13.1 million in 2021. The Board did receive a grant from the CARES Act funding of approximately \$8.3 million which was received in 2021. At this point, the additional cost and/or revenue related to COVID-19 Pandemic is unknown.

Contacting the Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Board Office at 200 Elizabeth Street, Charleston, West Virginia 25311.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Governmental

| Assets Sast | | Governmental Activities | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-------------|
| Assets September Septemb | | | Activities |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,046,208 Deposit 30,789,148 Deposit 141,068 Laxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes 16,210,052 Cood services receivables 228,135 Other roceivables 1,232,210 Due from other governments: 1,232,210 State aid receivable 4,788,337 PEIA allocation receivable 4,018,234 Reimbursements receivable 4,018,234 Capital Assets: 30,878,791 Land 6,379,956 Bulldings and improvements 21,277,760 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,998,866,073 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,998,866,073 Less accumulated depreciation 233,996,073 Total assets 20,809,1866 Pension 7,538,896 Other prote employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total assets and deferred outflows \$ 399,636,394 LLiabilities \$ 22,347,894 PEIA permiums payabl | ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | |
| Investments 30,789,148 20-posit 141,066 Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes 16,210,052 7,200 7, | Assets: | | |
| Investments 30,789,148 20-posit 141,066 Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes 16,210,052 7,200 7, | Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 89,046,208 |
| Taxisa receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes 16,210,052 Food services receivable 228,135 Other receivables 1,232,210 Due from other governments: 3,528,128 State aid receivable 4,788,337 PEIA allocation receivable 4,018,234 Capital Assets: 4,018,234 Land 6,379,956 Buildings and improvements 21,277,780 Land improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,998,866 Less accumulated depreciation 233,960,073 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,960,073 Total deferred outflows: 7,538,896 Pension 7,538,896 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total deferred outflows 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION LIabilities Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities 22,347,894 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 9,395,663 Long-term obligations: | Investments | | 30,789,148 |
| Food services receivable 228,135 Other receivables 1,232,210 Other form other governments: 4,788,387 PEIA allocation receivable 4,018,234 Reimbursements receivable 4,018,234 Capital Assets: 300,878,791 Land 6,379,956 Buildings and improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,999,866 Less accumulated depreciation 223,3956,073 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total deferred outflows 33,99,866 Deterred outflows: 7,538,896 Deterred outflows: 7,538,896 Total assets and deferred outflows 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION 15,698,753 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION 1,538,753 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION <td< td=""><td>Deposit</td><td></td><td></td></td<> | Deposit | | |
| Food services receivable 228,135 Other receivables 1,232,210 Other form other governments: 4,788,387 PEIA allocation receivable 4,018,234 Reimbursements receivable 4,018,234 Capital Assets: 300,878,791 Land 6,379,956 Buildings and improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,999,866 Less accumulated depreciation 223,3956,073 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total deferred outflows 33,99,866 Deterred outflows: 7,538,896 Deterred outflows: 7,538,896 Total assets and deferred outflows 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION 15,698,753 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION 1,538,753 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></td<> | • | | |
| Other receivables 1,232,210 Oute from other governments: 4,788,387 PEIA allocation receivable 3,528,128 Reimbursements receivable 4,018,238 Capital Assets: 300,878,791 Land 6,379,956 Buildings and improvements 300,878,791 Land improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,515,156 Construction in process 33,999,886 Less accumulated depreciation 233,956,073 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total assets 7,538,896 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total deferred outflows \$ 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities Liabilities: \$ 22,347,894 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: 8 Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Net pensio | Food services receivable | | |
| Due from other governments: State aid receivable 4,788,387 PEIA allocation receivable 3,528,128 Reimbursements receivable 3,528,128 Reimbursements receivable 3,038,39,566 23,039,566 30,038,79,791 21,277,780 30,0878,791 21,277,780 30,0878,791 21,277,780 21,259,250 21,2 | Other receivables | | |
| State aid receivable | Due from other governments: | | , - , - |
| PEIA allocation receivable 3,528,128 Reimbursements receivable 4,018,234 Capital Assets: ************************************ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 4.788.387 |
| Reimbursements receivable | | | , , |
| Capital Assets: 6,379,566 Buildings and improvements 300,878,791 Land improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,999,989 Less accumulated depreciation (208,091,866) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total assets 383,937,641 Deferred outflows: Pension 7,538,896 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total deferred outflows \$ 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities \$ 22,347,894 PELA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: 9,395,663 Due within one year: 9,395,663 Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: 21,753,516 Rotter post emplo | Reimbursements receivable | | |
| Land | | | .,0.0,20. |
| Buildings and improvements 300,878,778 Land improvements 21,277,780 1,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 21,277,780 23,399,896 233,999,896 233,956,073 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total assets 233,956,073 Total assets 233,956,073 Total assets 233,956,073 Total deferred outflows 2,598,6753 Total deferred outflows 3,598,753 Total assets and deferred outflows 3,598,753 Total assets and deferred outflows 3,598,753 Total assets and deferred outflows 3,399,636,394 Liabilities 2,247,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,348,895 2,347,894 2,347,894 2,348,895 2,347,894 2,348,895 2,347,894 2,348,995 | · | | 6 379 956 |
| Land improvements 21,277,780 Furniture and equipment 79,511,516 Construction in process 33,999,896 Less accumulated depreciation 223,956,073 Total assets, net of depreciation 233,956,073 Total assets 7,538,896 Pension 7,538,896 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total deferred outflows 15,698,763 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION \$399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable and related payroll liabilities \$22,347,894 PEIA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: 9,395,663 Due within one year: 9,395,663 Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Pension 6,499,336 | | | |
| Furniture and equipment | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Construction in process | • | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation 233,956,07 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 383,937,641 Deferred outflows: Pension 7,538,896 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 8,159,857 Total assets and deferred outflows 399,636,394 LIABBILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities \$22,347,894 PEIA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,539,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: \$9,395,663 Long-term obligations: \$9,395,663 Due within one year: \$9,395,663 Bonds, capital leases, and contracts \$9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: \$1,753,516 Rot pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total liabilities and deferred inflows 20,375,519 | ··· | | |
| Total capital assets, net of depreciation | • | | |
| Pension | | - | _ ' |
| Pension 7,538,896 8,159,857 Total deferred outflows 15,698,753 Total assets and deferred outflows 339,636,394 | | - | |
| Pension | 10141 455615 | | 363,937,041 |
| State Stat | Deferred outflows: | | |
| Total deferred outflows 15,698,753 Total assets and deferred outflows 399,636,394 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities: | | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows \$ 399,636,394 | | | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities \$ 22,347,894 PEIA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: Due within one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 young for the post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 young for the post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 | Total deferred outflows | | 15,698,753 |
| Liabilities: \$ 22,347,894 PEIA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: \$ 9,395,663 Due within one year: \$ 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: \$ 11,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities 95,389,262 Deferred inflows: \$ 13,876,183 Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: \$ 202,806,894 Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Total assets and deferred outflows | \$ | 399,636,394 |
| Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities \$ 22,347,894 PEIA premiums payable 4,316,799 Compensated absences 1,538,573 Accounts payable 13,886,193 Long-term obligations: \$ 3,935,663 Due within one year: \$ 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: \$ 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities 95,389,262 Deferred inflows: Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION | | |
| PEIA premiums payable Compensated absences Compensa | Liabilities: | | |
| Compensated absences | Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities | \$ | 22,347,894 |
| Accounts payable Long-term obligations: Due within one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts Accrued interest Bonds, capital leases, and contracts Bonds, capital projects Bon | PEIA premiums payable | | 4,316,799 |
| Due within one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities 70,259,346 Total liabilities 70,259,346 Total deferred inflows 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Total liabilities and deferred inflows 115,764,781 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: Debt service 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 Capital projects 38,1 | Compensated absences | | 1,538,573 |
| Due within one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 9,395,663 Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities 70,259,346 Total deferred inflows: | Accounts payable | | 13,886,193 |
| Bonds, capital leases, and contracts | Long-term obligations: | | |
| Accrued interest 102,049 Due beyond one year: Bonds, capital leases, and contracts 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 95,389,262 Deferred inflows: Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Total liabilities and deferred inflows \$115,764,781 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: Debt service 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 538,119,710 | Due within one year: | | |
| Due beyond one year: 21,753,516 Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities 95,389,262 Deferred inflows: Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Bonds, capital leases, and contracts | | 9,395,663 |
| Bonds, capital leases, and contracts | Accrued interest | | 102,049 |
| Bonds, capital leases, and contracts | Due beyond one year: | | |
| Net pension liability - Proportionate Share 11,789,229 Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share 10,259,346 Total liabilities Deferred inflows: Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | 21,753,516 |
| Net other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability - Proportionate Share Total liabilities 10,259,346 95,389,262 | Net pension liability - Proportionate Share | | |
| Total liabilities 95,389,262 Deferred inflows: 95,389,262 Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | |
| Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | |
| Pension 6,499,336 Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Deferred inflows: | | |
| Other post employment benefit (OPEB) 13,876,183 Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Net Position: Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Pension | | 6,499 336 |
| Total deferred inflows 20,375,519 Total liabilities and deferred inflows \$ 115,764,781 Net Position: 202,806,894 Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | |
| Net Position: 202,806,894 Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Debt service 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | , | - | |
| Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Debt service 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Total liabilities and deferred inflows | \$ | 115,764,781 |
| Invested in capital assets 202,806,894 Restricted for: 299 Debt service 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | |
| Restricted for: 299 Debt service 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Net Position: | | 000 000 00 |
| Debt service 299 Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | • | | 202,806,894 |
| Special projects 15,656,416 Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | Restricted for: | | |
| Excess levy 59,648 Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | | | |
| Capital projects 27,228,646 Unrestricted 38,119,710 | , | | 15,656,416 |
| Unrestricted 38,119,710 | · | | |
| | Capital projects | | |
| Total net position \$ 283,871,613 | Unrestricted | | |
| | Total net position | \$ | 283,871,613 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | | | let (Expense), |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|---------------|----|-----------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | Charges for | | | | Capital Grants and | | enue & Changes n Net Position |
| Functions | | Expenses | | Services | (| Contributions | С | ontributions | Gove | rnmental Activities |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 173,002,358 | \$ | 3,285,408 | \$ | 20,744,576 | \$ | 9,895,096 | \$ | (139,077,278) |
| Supporting services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Students | | 15,382,300 | | 190,111 | | 2,506,944 | | - | | (12,685,245) |
| Instructional staff | | 8,026,476 | | 99,200 | | 853,145 | | - | | (7,074,131) |
| District administration | | 2,396,401 | | 29,617 | | 254,636 | | - | | (2,112,148) |
| School administration | | 15,449,323 | | 190,940 | | 1,641,611 | | - | | (13,616,772) |
| Business services | | 9,989,138 | | 123,457 | | 1,061,424 | | - | | (8,804,257) |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | | 33,055,504 | | 408,536 | | 3,512,404 | | - | | (29,134,564) |
| Student transportation | | 15,226,812 | | 188,190 | | 1,617,967 | | - | | (13,420,655) |
| Food services | | 22,103,985 | | 111,137 | | 15,376,945 | | - | | (6,615,903) |
| Community services | | 4,444,416 | | - | | - | | - | | (4,444,416) |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 120,526 | | - | | | | | | (120,526) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 299,197,241 | \$ | 4,626,596 | \$ | 47,569,652 | \$ | 9,895,096 | = | (237,105,897) |
| | Ger | neral revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| | | Property taxes | ; | | | | | | | 128,874,920 |
| | | Unrestricted st | tate | aid | | | | | | 144,660,130 |
| | | Unrestricted in | ives | tment earnings | | | | | | 1,698,587 |
| | | Unrestricted g | rant | s and contributi | ons | | | | | 2,774,582 |
| | Gai | n (loss) on sale | of a | issets | | | | | | (1,644,229) |
| | Tota | al general rever | nues | , other items, a | nd tı | ransfers | | | | 276,363,990 |
| | Cha | ange in net posi | tion | | | | | | | 39,258,093 |
| | Net | position - begin | nnin | g | | | | | | 244,613,520 |
| | Net | position - endir | ng | | | | | | \$ | 283,871,613 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | General Current Expense Fund | | urrent Special pense Revenue | | CARES Special Revenue Fund | | ie Special Revenue | | Revenue Special Re | | Debt Service Fund | Permanent mprovement Fund | C | Total Governmental |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|----|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 62,458,313 | \$ | 13,003,509 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 13,584,386 | \$ | 89,046,208 | | | |
| Investments | | 14,285,296 | | - | | - | | 280 | 16,503,572 | | 30,789,148 | | | |
| Deposits | | 141,066 | | - | | - | | _ | · · · · - | | 141,066 | | | |
| Taxes receivable, net | | 16,210,033 | | _ | | - | | 19 | _ | | 16,210,052 | | | |
| Food service receivable, net | | - | | 228,135 | | - | | - | _ | | 228,135 | | | |
| Other receivables | | 1,232,210 | | - | | - | | - | _ | | 1,232,210 | | | |
| Due from other governments: | | , . , | | | | | | | | | , - ,= | | | |
| Due from other governments | | 1,520,471 | | - | | - | | _ | 3,267,916 | | 4,788,387 | | | |
| PEIA allocation receivable | | 3,528,128 | | _ | | _ | | _ | - | | 3,528,128 | | | |
| Reimbursements receivable | | 717,673 | | 3,158,744 | | 141,817 | | _ | _ | | 4,018,234 | | | |
| Due from other funds | | 132,533 | | 3,458,741 | | - | | _ | _ | | 3,591,274 | | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows | \$ | 100,225,723 | \$ | 19,849,129 | \$ | 141,817 | \$ | 299 | \$ 33,355,874 | \$ | 153,572,842 | | | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries payable and related payroll liabilities | \$ | 19,213,766 | \$ | 3,134,128 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 22,347,894 | | | |
| PEIA premiums payable | | 4,316,799 | | - | | - | | - | - | | 4,316,799 | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 6,928,515 | | 821,166 | | 9,284 | | - | 6,127,228 | | 13,886,193 | | | |
| OPEB liability | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Due to other funds | | 3,458,741 | | - | | 132,533 | | - | - | | 3,591,274 | | | |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Deferred inflows: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows | | 14,817,501 | | 228,135 | | 9,284 | | - | - | | 15,054,920 | | | |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows | | 48,735,322 | | 4,183,429 | | 151,101 | | - | 6,127,228 | | 59,197,080 | | | |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 141,066 | | - | | - | | - | - | | 141,066 | | | |
| Restricted | | 59,648 | | 15,665,700 | | - | | 299 | 27,228,646 | | 42,954,293 | | | |
| Committed | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | | |
| Assigned | | 51,289,687 | | - | | - | | - | - | | 51,289,687 | | | |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | (9,284) | | - | - | | (9,284) | | | |
| Total fund balances | | 51,490,401 | | 15,665,700 | | (9,284) | | 299 | 27,228,646 | | 94,375,762 | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 100,225,723 | \$ | 19,849,129 | \$ | 141,817 | \$ | 299 | \$ 33,355,874 | \$ | 153,572,842 | | | |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

| Total governmental fund balance | \$ 94,375,762 |
|---|-------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position differ due to: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet | 233,956,073 |
| Property taxes receivable, food service billings receivable, Medicaid receivables and other receivables will be collected this year but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and are therefore deferred in the fund | |
| balance sheet. | 15,054,920 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 7,538,896 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (6,499,336) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 8,159,857 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | (13,876,183) |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | |
| Accrued interest on bonds | (102,049) |
| Capital lease payable | (27,635,276) |
| Governors Office Loan | (3,513,903) |
| Compensated absences | (1,538,573) |
| Net pension liability - proportionate share | (11,789,229) |
| Net OPEB liability - proportionate share | (10,259,346) |
| | |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 283,871,613 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Property taxes | | | General Current | Special | CARES | Debt | Permanent | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------|------------|--------|---------------|----|-------------|
| Property taxes | | | • | | • | | • | G | |
| Chiler Local sources 6.075.250 2.381,518 - 2 2.43,883 8.700,653 Slate sources 170,430,039 6.274,486 - - 4.835,952 181,540,477 Federal sources 1,642,860 40,467,909 132,533 166 10,138,978 363,975,151 | Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| State sources | Property taxes | \$ | 126,231,592 | \$ - | - ; | \$ 164 | \$ - | \$ | 126,231,756 |
| Federal sources | Other Local sources | | 6,075,250 | 2,381,518 | = | 2 | 243,883 | | 8,700,653 |
| Total revenues 304,579,561 49,123,913 132,533 166 10,138,978 363,975,151 | State sources | | 170,430,039 | 6,274,486 | - | - | 4,835,952 | | 181,540,477 |
| Expenditures: Instruction | Federal sources | | 1,842,680 | 40,467,909 | 132,533 | - | 5,059,143 | | 47,502,265 |
| Instruction | Total revenues | | 304,579,561 | 49,123,913 | 132,533 | 166 | 10,138,978 | | 363,975,151 |
| Supporting services: Students | Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Students | Instruction | | 167,135,954 | 28,572,049 | 68,849 | - | - | | 195,776,852 |
| Instructional staff | • | | | | | | | | |
| Central administration 2,666,221 73,610 - - 2,739,831 School administration 16,901,915 - - - - 2,739,831 School administration 16,901,915 - - - - - 16,901,915 Business 8,101,452 119,104 12,958 - 48,533 8,282,047 Operation and maintenance of facilities 34,485,839 21,955 23,475 - 79,449 34,610,748 Student transportation 17,522,228 114,152 - - - 17,636,330 Food services 4,499,816 28,959 - - 21,508,612 Community services 4,499,816 28,959 - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - - - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | | | | = | - | = | | |
| School administration 16,901,915 - - - - 16,901,915 Business 8,101,452 119,104 12,958 - 48,533 8,282,047 Operation and maintenance of facilities 34,485,839 21,985 23,475 - 79,449 34,610,748 Student transportation 17,522,228 114,152 - - - - 17,636,380 Food services 21,475,900 32,712 - - - 4,528,775 Capital outlay 8,377,548 - - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - - - - - 4,528,775 Capital outlay 8,377,548 - - - - - 4,528,775 Capital charges 6,305,724 - | | | | | = | - | = | | |
| Business | | | , , | 73,610 | = | - | = | | , , |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities 34,485,839 21,985 23,475 2.228 114,152 17,636,380 21,765 2.228 114,152 17,636,380 21,765 2.22,228 21,475,900 32,712 21,508,612 2.238,612 2.2346,050 2.2,147,590 32,712 21,508,612 2.234,775 2.234,775 2.234,775,908 2.2,141,852 30,519,400 2.234,207 2.234,832 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 22,141,852 30,519,400 2.234,837,840 2.234,832 2.289,386 70,017,911 2.234,832 2.234,832 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 22,141,852 2.345,932 2.234,832 2.234,835 2.234,832 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.234,835 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 2,44,59,000 2.234,937,940 2.234,936 2.2346,950 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 2,45,90,00 2.234,937,940 2.234,936 2.2346,950 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 4,59,000 2.234,937,943 2.234,936 2.2346,950 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 2,45,90,00 2.234,937,943 2.234,936 2.2346,950 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 2,45,90,00 2.234,937,943 2.2346,950 2.2346,050 2.2346,050 (2,918,341) 23,475 2 3,45,90,00 2.2345,955,955,955,955,955,955,955,955,955,9 | | | | - | = | - | - | | |
| Student transportation 17,522,228 114,152 - - 17,636,380 Food services - 21,475,900 32,712 - - 21,508,612 Community services 4,499,816 28,959 - - 22,2141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Principal retirement 6,305,724 - - - 2,057 Principal retirement interest and fiscal charges 6,305,724 - - - - 6,305,724 Interest and fiscal charges 242,057 - - - - - - - - 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease pr | | | | , | , | - | , | | |
| Food services - 21,475,900 32,712 - - 21,508,612 Community services 4,499,816 28,959 - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Capital outlay 8,377,548 - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Principal retirement 6,305,724 - - - - 6,305,724 Interest and fiscal charges 242,057 - - - - 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Total expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in midisposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Quipment Proceeds from loan | • | | | | 23,475 | - | 79,449 | | |
| Community services 4,499,816 28,959 - - 4,528,775 Capital outlay 8,377,548 - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 6,305,724 - - - 6,305,724 Interest and fiscal charges 242,057 - - - - 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in ransfers in receded from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds 1,736,815 - - 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds 9,747,472 - - - 8,957,213 18,704,685 Transfers (out) (10,685,589) (705,331) (3,823) - 17,070,116 23,955,403 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | , | | - | - | | |
| Capital outlay 8,377,548 - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Debt service: - - 22,141,852 30,519,400 Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 6,305,724 - - - - 6,305,724 Interest and fiscal charges 242,057 - - - - 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds - - - - - 1,736,815 - - - - 1,736,815 - - - 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 18,704,885 - - - 8,957,213 18,704,885 - - - 8,957,21 | | | | | 32,712 | - | - | | |
| Debt service: Principal retirement 6,305,724 - - - - 6,305,724 - - - 6,305,724 - - 242,057 - - 242,057 - - 242,057 - 242,057 - - 242,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 709,154 6,086,589 - - 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from disposal of equipment 1,736,815 - - - - 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office - - - - - - 8,957,213 18,704,685 Transfers (out) (10,685,589) (705,331) (3,823) | • | | | 28,959 | = | - | - | | |
| Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 6,305,724 242,057 - - - - 6,305,724 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds 7,36,815 - - - 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds 9,747,472 - - 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 18,704,685 3,704,685 3,895,213 18,704,685 3,704,685 3,704,685 3,704,685 3,895,213 18,704,685 3,704,685 3,704,685 3,895,213 18,704,685 3,895,213 18,704,685 3,803 - 17,070,116 23,955,403 3,903,203 3,903,203 3,903,203 3,903,203 3,903,203 3,903,203 3,903, | | | 8,377,548 | - | = | - | 22,141,852 | | 30,519,400 |
| Interest and fiscal charges 242,057 - - - 242,057 Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | - |
| Total expenditures 283,741,363 57,423,512 137,994 - 22,269,834 363,572,703 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds (uses) | • | | | - | = | - | - | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 709,154 6,086,589 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from disposal of equipment 1,736,815 1,736,815 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office 3,513,903 3,513,903 Capital lease proceeds 9,747,472 8,957,213 18,704,685 Transfers (out) (10,685,589) (705,331) (3,823) (11,394,743) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,507,852 5,381,258 (3,823) - 17,070,116 23,955,403 Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 (2,918,341) (9,284) 166 4,939,260 24,357,851 Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | Interest and fiscal charges | | 242,057 | - | - | - | - | | 242,057 |
| expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds Form loan from Governor's Office Proceeds Proceed | Total expenditures | | 283,741,363 | 57,423,512 | 137,994 | | 22,269,834 | | 363,572,703 |
| expenditures 20,838,198 (8,299,599) (5,461) 166 (12,130,856) 402,448 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Proceeds from disposal of equipment Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Proceeds Form loan from Governor's Office Proceeds Proceed | Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in 709,154 6,086,589 - - 4,599,000 11,394,743 Proceeds from disposal of equipment 1,736,815 - - - - 1,736,815 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office - - - - 3,513,903 3,513,903 Capital lease proceeds 9,747,472 - - - 8,957,213 18,704,685 Transfers (out) (10,685,589) (705,331) (3,823) - - (11,394,743) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,507,852 5,381,258 (3,823) - 17,070,116 23,955,403 Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 (2,918,341) (9,284) 166 4,939,260 24,357,851 Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | | | 20,838,198 | (8,299,599) | (5,461) | 166 | (12,130,856) | | 402,448 |
| Proceeds from disposal of equipment 1,736,815 - - - - 1,736,815 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office - - - - 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 1,704,685 1,704,685 - - - 8,957,213 18,704,685 18,704,685 - - - (11,394,743) - - (11,394,743) - - (11,394,743) - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - | Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of equipment 1,736,815 - - - - 1,736,815 Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office - - - - 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 3,513,903 1,704,685 1,704,685 - - - 8,957,213 18,704,685 18,704,685 - - - (11,394,743) - - (11,394,743) - - (11,394,743) - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - - 17,070,116 23,955,403 - | Transfers in | | 709 154 | 6 086 589 | _ | _ | 4 599 000 | | 11 394 743 |
| Proceeds from loan from Governor's Office Capital lease proceeds Transfers (out) Potal other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 29,144,351 18,584,041 3,513,903 - 8,957,213 - 18,704,685 (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) (11,394,743) 8,957,213 (11,394,743) | | | , | - | <u>-</u> | _ | - | | |
| Capital lease proceeds Transfers (out) 9,747,472 (10,685,589) - - - 8,957,213 (11,394,743) 18,704,685 (11,394,743) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,507,852 5,381,258 (3,823) - 17,070,116 23,955,403 Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 (2,918,341) (9,284) 166 4,939,260 24,357,851 Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | | | , , | _ | <u>-</u> | _ | 3 513 903 | | , , |
| Transfers (out) (10,685,589) (705,331) (3,823) - - (11,394,743) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,507,852 5,381,258 (3,823) - 17,070,116 23,955,403 Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 (2,918,341) (9,284) 166 4,939,260 24,357,851 Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | | | | _ | <u>-</u> | _ | | | |
| Net change in fund balances 22,346,050 (2,918,341) (9,284) 166 4,939,260 24,357,851 Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | • | | | (705,331) | (3,823) | - | | | , , |
| Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | Total other financing sources (uses) | | 1,507,852 | 5,381,258 | (3,823) | - | 17,070,116 | | 23,955,403 |
| Fund balances - beginning 29,144,351 18,584,041 - 133 22,289,386 70,017,911 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Net change in fund balances | | 22,346,050 | (2,918,341) | (9,284) | 166 | 4,939,260 | | 24,357,851 |
| Fund balances - ending \$ 51,490,401 \$15,665,700 \$ (9,284) \$ 299 \$27,228,646 \$ 94,375,762 | Fund balances - beginning | | 29,144,351 | 18,584,041 | <u>-</u> | 133 | 22,289,386 | | 70,017,911 |
| | Fund balances - ending | _\$ | 51,490,401 | \$15,665,700 | \$ (9,284) | \$ 299 | \$ 27,228,646 | \$ | 94,375,762 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 24,357,851 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different due to: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The effect on net position is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period. Depreciation expense Capital outlays | (11,967,391) 44,332,546 |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, rather they are reported as deferred revenues. | 1,876,907 |
| The repayment of the principal of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, such repayment has no effect on net position. | 6,236,311 |
| Differences in the cost and accumulated depreciation on disposed capital assets are reported as a loss and reduction in net position in the statement of activities. Cost of assets disposed Accumulated depreciation of assets disposed | (11,329,667) 7,948,622 |
| Compensated absences are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets, but are only reported in government funds to the extent they have matured. This is the amount by which compensated absences (increased)/decreased. Accrued vacation payable | (283,292) |
| Capital lease proceeds and other loan proceeds are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets instead of as financing transfers in the governmental activities. | (22,218,588) |
| Accrued interest is required to be reported as a liability in the statement of net position of the district wide financial statements. The following represents the change in accrued interest receivable for the year. | 121,531 |
| Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as | |
| District OPEB contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions | 1,112,088 323,112 |
| Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. | |
| District pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions | 1,450,821 (2,702,758) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 39,258,093 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

| | Agency Funds | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | School Activity | KCPL | KCPL Construction Fund | | |
| | Funds | General Fund | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 9,710,062 | \$ 13,649,741 | \$ 647,356 | | |
| Due from other governments | | 85,729 | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 9,710,062 | \$ 13,735,470 | \$ 647,356 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ 104,079 | \$ - | | |
| Due to other funds | 9,710,062 | 13,631,391 | 647,356 | | |
| Total liabilities | \$ 9,710,062 | \$ 13,735,470 | \$ 647,356 | | |

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity:

The Kanawha County Board of Education (School Board) is a corporation created under the authority of West Virginia Code §18-5-1 et seq. and is composed of five members nominated and elected by the voters of the county for four-year terms. The School Board is responsible for the supervision and control of the county school district and has the authority, subject to State statutes and the rules and regulations of the State Board, to control and manage all of the public schools and school interests in the county.

GASB Statement 14 establishes the criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and the component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the School Board is considered to be a primary government, since it is a separate legal entity, has its own elected governing body, and is fiscally independent of other local governments. The School Board has no component units, defined by GASB Statement 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected board members are financially accountable.

B. District-wide and fund financial statements:

The *district-wide financial statements* (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the School Board as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary fund activities. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the school district's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Depreciation expenses for capital assets that can be specifically identified with a function are included in its direct expenses. Depreciation expense for "shared" capital assets (such as a school building that may be used for instructional services, student and instructional staff support services, school administration, and child nutrition services) is distributed proportionally among the various functions. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Interest on general long-term debt liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported in the Statement of Activities as a separate line.

Program revenues include: grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, restricted state aid, tuition, and other fees and charges paid by students. Revenues that are not considered as program revenues are classified as general revenue and include property taxes, unrestricted state aid, unrestricted investment earnings, gain on sale of capital assets, and federal and state grants not restricted to a specific purpose.

The **fund financial statements** provide information about the individual funds maintained by the School Board. All funds maintained by the school district are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes and are discretely presented in the accompanying financial statements.

The funds maintained by the School Board are:

General Current Expense Fund: The General Current Expense Fund is the operating fund of the School Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Current Expense Fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>: The Special Revenue Fund is an operating fund of the School Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures attributable to state and federal grants and other revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Fund - CARES Fund:</u> A government fund type used to account for the financial resources of LEAs, MCVCs, and ESCs received through the federal government; most notably in regard to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest, and related costs on general obligation bonds issued by the School Board for the acquisition of capital assets.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by the School Board. These funds can include: a bond construction fund, used to account for the proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds; a permanent improvement fund established under the authority of West Virginia Code §18-9B-14 to account for the proceeds of resources used for the support of various building and permanent improvement projects, and; one or more capital projects funds used to account for the resources used in the construction of a specific capital facility.

Agency Funds: Agency funds are used to account for assets that the School Board holds for others in an agency capacity. These include: Regional education service agencies (RESA's) and multicounty vocational centers (MCVC's) for the purpose of providing high quality, cost effective educational programs and to provide vocational training, respectively, in which the county board of education serves as the fiscal agent; school activity funds to account for the assets of the individual schools of the district, the student clubs, and school support organizations; and may include a scholarship fund to account for contributions and donations made to the school district by a benefactor for the purpose of providing scholarships for graduates of the school district.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The *district-wide statements* (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows are received. Revenues and expenses resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place; revenues and expenses resulting from non-exchange transactions, such as property taxes, federal and state grants, state aid to schools, and donations, are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied; state aid to schools is recognized in the year for which the legislative appropriation is made; and grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The *governmental fund financial statements* were prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School Board considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded generally when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing resources.

Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the School Board holds for others in an agency capacity.

D. Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in the appropriate fund balance category (restricted, committed or assigned) since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

E. Cash and Investments:

Cash on hand and deposits with banking institutions either in checking or savings accounts or other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less are presented as cash in the accompanying financial statements.

County boards of education are authorized by statute to provide excess funds to either the State Consolidated Investment Pool or the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission (MBC) for investment purposes, or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: obligations of the United States or any agency thereof; certificates of deposit; and repurchase agreements. Funds of the School Board are temporarily invested by the MBC specifically on behalf of the School Board as part of the MBC's consolidated investment pool. Deposits with the State Consolidated Investment Pool are held by the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI). The deposits with the MBC are held for debt service requirements of the School Board. The deposits with the BTI and MBC are not separately identifiable as to specific types of securities. Investment income is prorated to the School Board at rates specified by the BTI and MBC. The amounts on deposit are available for immediate withdrawal and, accordingly, are presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying basic financial statements. These investments are considered cash and cash equivalents due to their liquid nature. The BTI is directed by the State Treasurer to invest the funds in specific external investment pools in accordance with West Virginia code, policies set by the BTI, and by provisions of bond indentures and trust agreements, when applicable. Balances in the investment pools are recorded at fair value or amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value is determined by a third-party pricing service based on asset portfolio pricing models and other sources, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The BTI was established by the State Legislature and is subject to oversight by the State Legislature.

All deposit accounts and investments of the School Board at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

| | Carrying Amount | | Estimated Fair Value | | В | sank Balance |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------|----|--------------|
| Municipal Bond Commission | \$ 280 | | \$ | 280 | \$ | 280 |
| Money Market/Sweep Account | 89,046,208 | | | 89,046,208 | | 89,991,273 |
| Bank public funds savings accounts | 28,236,534 | | | 28,236,534 | | 28,236,534 |
| Certificates of Deposit | 2,552,334 | | 2,552,334 | | | 2,552,334 |
| Deposits with financial institutions - | | | | | | |
| Individual Schools | 9,710,062 | _ | | 9,710,062 | | 10,020,773 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 129,545,418 | _ | \$ | 129,545,418 | \$ | 130,801,194 |

Deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by federal deposit insurance or secured by adequate bond or other securities held by the banking institution in the School Board's name. Custodian credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the School Board's deposits may not be returned to it. The School Board has limited its custodial credit risk by assuring that these deposits with financial institutions are adequately collateralized.

F. Food Service receivables:

The accounts receivable for the Food Service Program has been reduced by \$1,672,989 for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts was calculated based upon historical data maintained by the School Board.

G. Interfund receivables and payables:

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

H. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost or, if donated, at fair value when received. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Prepaid Items:

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the district-wide financial statements. The School Board defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more for land, furniture, vehicles, and equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is not capitalized.

Buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles of the School Board are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Years</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 50 |
| Site Improvements | 20 – 35 |
| Furniture and Equipment | 5 – 20 |
| Vehicles | 8 – 12 |

K. Deferred Outflow of Resources:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The School Board's deferred outflows for the district-wide financial statements include the School Board's current year retirement contributions for pension and OPEB expense that will impact future reporting periods, differences between the expected and actual experience, changes in proportion and differences between School Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and changes in assumptions.

L. Pension:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teacher Retirement System (TRS) and additions to/deductions from the TRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See note 9 for further discussion.

M. Compensated Absences and Other Post Employment Benefit Liability:

Compensated Absences:

It is the School Board's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation and sick benefits can be accumulated up to 30 and unlimited days, respectively, and carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred. In lieu of a cash payment at retirement, employees hired prior to July 1, 2020 can elect to use accumulated annual leave toward their postemployment health care insurance premium. Employees also earn sick leave benefits which accumulate but do not vest.

Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability:

It is the School Board's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. Sick benefits can be accumulated for unlimited days and carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year. When separated from employment, employees' sick leave benefits are considered ended and no reimbursement is provided. However, upon retirement, an employee's accumulated annual sick leave may be converted to a greater retirement benefit or payment of the retired employee's health insurance premiums. The cost of the increased retirement option is the liability of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board. The payment of health insurance premiums must be absorbed by the last agency employing the retiree and is included as part of the OPEB liability.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBT). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See Note 10 for further discussion.

N. Long-term Obligations:

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenses during the period in which the bonds were issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Capital lease payments are reported in the general current expense or special revenue fund.

O. <u>Deferred Inflow of Resources</u>

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Balances of deferred inflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. The aggregate amount included for the General Current Expense Fund consists of taxes receivable, Medicaid receivable, and child nutrition receivable. Deferred inflows for the district-wide financial statements include the proportionate share of the School Board's net difference between projected and actual investment earnings, the differences between expected and actual experience, the differences between the employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and changes in assumptions.

P. Net Position:

Net position is classified into three categories according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of School Board obligations. The School Board's net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This represents the School Board's total investment in capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the balances of any outstanding debt
 obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended
 for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- Restricted net position, expendable This includes resources in which the School Board is legally
 or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties
 including grantors, donors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This represents resources derived from other than capital assets or restricted net position. These resources are used for transactions relating to the general operation of the School Board, and may be used at the discretion of the School Board to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose.

Q. Fund Equity:

Effective July 1, 2010, the School Board adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," which establishes new standards of accounting and financial reporting that are intended to improve the clarity and consistency of the fund balance information provided to financial report users. The classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are reported in the following categories:

- Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form, such as inventory, or prepaid expense amounts, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.
- Restricted fund balances are restricted due to legal restrictions from creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments or by legally enforceable enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.
- Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, which for the county is the five-member School Board. Said specific purposes and amounts are recorded in the official School Board minutes of the fiscal year ended June 30. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned fund balances are constrained by the intent to use funds for specific purposes, but are
 neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the five-member School Board or by
 a body or official to which the School Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be
 used for specific purposes. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in
 a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, the School Board has
 assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

 Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other funds, any negative fund balances would be unassigned.

R. Elimination and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

S. Accounting Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Restricted Resources:

Restricted resources should be applied first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. If an expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are all available, the fund balances should be reduced in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

U. Newly Adopted Statements Issued by the GASB: -

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, effective immediately. This Statement extends the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The updated GASB pronouncement effective dates are as follows:

- GASB 83, Asset Retirement Obligations: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019 (FY20). This GASB was implemented in the School Board's FY19 Financial Statements.
- GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FY21).
- GASB 87, Leases: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY22).
- GASB 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019 (FY20). This GASB was implemented in the School Board's FY19 Financial Statements.
- GASB 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020 (FY22).
- GASB 90, *Majority Equity Interests*: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FY21).
- GASB 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 (FY23)
- GASB 92, Omnibus 2020: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY22).
- GASB 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates: Effective dates were changed to FY21 for certain parts and FY22 for others, see update below for more details.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The requirements of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefits plans and paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6-9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements: and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The School Board has not vet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 97 may have on its financial statements.

V. Recent Statements Issued by the GASB:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 89 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 90 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 91 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 92 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. GASB 95 extended the due date for paragraphs 13 and 14 (lease modifications) to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 93 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 94 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The School Board has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96 may have on its financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance And Accountability:

Deficiencies in Net Changes in Fund Balances and Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had deficiencies in net changes in fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2020:

 Fund
 Amount

 Special Revenue Fund
 \$ 2,918,341

 Special Revenue – CARES Fund
 \$ 9,284

Funds sufficient to provide for the excess expenditures in the other funds were made available from other sources within the fund and the deficiencies had no impact on the financial results of the funds.

Note 3 - Risk Management:

The School Board is exposed to various risks or loss related to torts, theft, or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School Board, pursuant to the provisions of State law, participates in the following risk management programs administered by the State.

Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM): The School Board participates in the West Virginia Board of Risk and Insurance Management, a common risk insurance pool for all State agencies, component units, boards of education and other local governmental agencies who wish to participate. The School Board pays an annual premium to BRIM for its general insurance coverage. Fund underwriting and rate setting policies are established by BRIM. The cost of all coverage as determined by BRIM is paid by the participants. The BRIM risk pool retains the risk of the first \$2 million per property event and purchases excess insurance on losses above that level. BRIM has \$1 million per occurrence coverage maximum on all third-party liability claims.

Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA): The School Board provides employees health and basic life insurance benefits through the Public Employees Insurance Agency. PEIA was established by the State of West Virginia to provide a program of health and life insurance for employees of State agencies, institutions of higher learning, boards of education, and component units of the State. In addition, local governmental agencies and certain charitable and public service organizations may request to be covered. PEIA provides a general employee benefit insurance program which includes hospital, surgical, major medical, prescription drug and basic life and accidental death. Fund underwriting and rate setting policies are established by the PEIA Finance Board. The cost of all coverage as determined by the Finance Board is paid by the participants.

Health coverage under these programs has no lifetime maximum benefit, while life insurance coverage is limited to \$10,000. Members may purchase up to an additional \$500,000 of life insurance coverage. Premiums are established by PEIA and are paid monthly. The PEIA risk pool retains the risk for the health and prescription features of its indemnity plan, has fully transferred the risks of coverage of the Managed Care Organization (MCO) Plan to the plan provider and has transferred risk of life insurance coverage to a third party insurer.

Workers Compensation Fund (WCF): Travelers Insurance Company provides workers' compensation coverage to the School Board. The cost of all coverage, as determined by Travelers Insurance Company, is paid by the School Board.

The Travelers Insurance Company's risk pool retains the risk related to the compensation of injured employees under the program.

Note 4 - Property Taxes:

All property in the State is classified as follows for ad valorem tax purposes:

- Class I All tangible personal property employed exclusively in agriculture, including horticulture and grazing; all products of agriculture, including livestock, while owned by the producer.
- Class II All property owned, used and occupied by the owner exclusively for residential purposes; all farms, including land used for horticulture and grazing, occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants.
- Class III All real and personal property situated outside of municipalities, exclusive of Class I and II property.

Class IV - All real and personal property situated inside of municipalities, exclusive of Class I and II property.

According to West Virginia Code §11-8-6c, the maximum rates that county boards of education may impose on the various classes of property are: Class I - 22.95ϕ per \$100 of assessed valuation; Class II - 45.90ϕ per \$100 of assessed valuation; Class III - 91.80ϕ per \$100 of assessed valuation; and Class IV - 91.80ϕ per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Pursuant to West Virginia Code §11-8-6f, however, the rates of levy for county boards are to be reduced uniformly statewide and proportionately for all classes of property so that the total statewide property tax revenues to be realized from the regular levy tax collections for the forthcoming year will not increase by more than one percent of the current year's projected property tax revenues, exclusive of increases due to new construction, improvements to existing real property, or newly acquired personal property, unless the State Legislature holds a public hearing. The amounts to be paid to the Assessors Valuation Fund are also to be excluded from the calculation.

County boards of education are also authorized to impose an additional (excess) levy not to extend beyond five years if approved by at least a majority of the voters. The rates of levy cannot exceed the maximum rates specified above and must be proportional for all classes of property.

The assessed valuations and levy rates levied by the School Board per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were:

| Class of Property | Assessed Valuations For Tax Purposes | Current Expense | Excess <u>Levy</u> | Public Library Excess Levy | Bond <u>Purposes</u> |
|----------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Class I | \$ - | 19.40¢ | 21.91¢ | 1.04¢ | ¢ |
| Class II | \$ 3,805,171,788 | 38.80¢ | 43.82¢ | 2.08¢ | ¢ |
| Class III | \$ 2,781,013,561 | 77.60¢ | 87.64¢ | 4.16¢ | ¢ |
| Class IV | \$ 3,296,455,676 | 77.60¢ | 87.64¢ | 4.16¢ | ¢ |

The taxes on real property and the interest and other charges upon such taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the first day of July each year. There is no lien denominated as such on personal property. However, statutes provide that the sheriff of a county may distrain for delinquent taxes any goods and chattels belonging to a person assessed. All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments. The first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first, and the second installment is payable on the first day of the following March and becomes delinquent on April first.

Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If taxes are not paid on or before the date on which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent per annum is added from the date they become delinquent until paid.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable as of June 30, 2020 for the School Board's funds are as follows:

| | General Current Expense <u>Fund</u> | Se | Debt ervice Fund |
|--|--|----|------------------------|
| Taxes receivable Less: allowance for uncollectible | \$22,969,140 6,759,107 | \$ | 19 - |
| Taxes receivable, net | \$ 16,210,033 | \$ | 19 |

Note 5 - Excess Levy:

The School Board had an excess levy in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The levy was authorized by the voters of the county at an election held on November 6, 2018 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2024 to provide funds for the following purposes: Professional and service salaries and fringe benefits, textbooks, instructional supplies, insurance, contracted services, building construction and improvements, repairs and maintenance, equipment, rentals, additional art teachers, additional counselors, additional custodians, technology, safety and security, HVAC, roofing, turf and other necessary expenses.

A total of \$65,438,214 was received by the School Board from the excess levy during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Note 6 - Capital Assets:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Disposals | Ending Balance |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Capital assets, non-depreciable: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,344,456 | \$ 3,035,500 | \$ - | \$ 6,379,956 |
| Construction in process | 11,474,615 | 28,773,257 | (6,247,976) | 33,999,896 |
| Total non-depreciable capital assets | 14,819,071 | 31,808,757 | (6,247,976) | 40,379,852 |
| Capital assets, depreciable: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 297,051,122 | 3,827,669 | - | 300,878,791 |
| Land improvements | 18,842,571 | 2,449,177 | (13,968) | 21,277,780 |
| Furniture and equipment | 79,159,606 | 12,494,919 | (12,143,009) | 79,511,516 |
| Vehicles | - | - | - | |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 395,053,299 | 18,771,765 | (12,156,977) | 401,668,087 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | (128,343,279) | (6,253,194) | - | (134,596,473) |
| Land improvements | (14,843,022) | (652,125) | 2,794 | (15,492,353) |
| Furniture and equipment | (60,886,796) | (5,062,072) | 7,945,828 | (58,003,040) |
| Vehicles | - | - | - | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (204,073,097) | (11,967,391) | 7,948,622 | (208,091,866) |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | 190,980,202 | 6,804,374 | (4,208,355) | 193,576,221 |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ 205,799,273 | \$ 38,613,131 | \$ (10,456,331) | \$ 233,956,073 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

| Instruction | \$ 7,096,933 |
|--|------------------|
| Supporting Services: | |
| Student Instruction | 276,225 |
| Student Support Service | 612,641 |
| Central administration | 99,319 |
| School administration | 612,696 |
| Business | 300,225 |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | 1,550,341 |
| Transportation | 639,321 |
| Food services | 779,690 |
| Total Depreciation expense - governmental activities | \$ 11,967,391 |

Note 7 - Long-term Debt:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | Balance, | | | Balance, | Amounts due | Amounts due |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Beginning of | | | End of | within one | past one |
| | Year | Additions | Deductions | Year | year | year |
| General obligation debt | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Compensated absences | 1,255,281 | 283,292 | - | 1,538,573 | 1,538,573 | - |
| Capital lease payable | 15,166,902 | 18,704,685 | 6,236,311 | 27,635,276 | 5,881,760 | 21,753,516 |
| Loan from Governor's Office | - | 3,513,903 | - | 3,513,903 | 3,513,903 | - |
| Net pension liability - proportionate share | 10,069,457 | 1,719,772 | - | 11,789,229 | - | 11,789,229 |
| Net OPEB liability - proportionate share | 23,559,234 | - | 13,299,888 | 10,259,346 | - | 10,259,346 |
| | \$50,050,874 | \$ 24,221,652 | \$ 19,536,199 | \$ 54,736,327 | \$ 10,934,236 | \$ 43,802,091 |

Note 8 - Leases:

The School Board has entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby energy conservation HVAC equipment has been installed in several of the schools. The equipment is leased from Banc of America Leasing for a period of seven years beginning August 1, 2012. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The lease was paid in full during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The School Board has entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby energy conservation lighting equipment has been installed in several of the schools. The equipment is leased from Banc of America Public Capital Corporation for a period of twelve years beginning March 31, 2016. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|-------------|---------------|
| 2021 | \$ 705,000 |
| 2022 | 705,000 |
| 2023 | 705,000 |

| 2024 | 705,000 |
|---|-----------------|
| 2025 | 705,000 |
| 2026 | 372,761 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 3,897,761 |
| Less amount representing interest | 375,698 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 3,522,063 |

The School Board has entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of federal legislation which authorizes the issuance of qualified zone academy bonds (QZABs). The funding was used for the construction of Edgewood Elementary School. The equipment is leased from Banc of America Public Capital Corporation for a period of fifteen years beginning July 26, 2012. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|---|-----------------|
| 2021 | \$ 178,666 |
| 2022 | 173,000 |
| 2023 | 167,333 |
| 2024 | 161,667 |
| 2025 | 156,001 |
| 2026 | 150,334 |
| 2027 | 144,667 |
| 2028 | 139,001 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 1,270,669 |
| Less amount representing interest | 204,000 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 1,066,669 |

The School Board entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby instructional technology equipment has been implemented in several of the schools. This equipment lease refinanced the previous two capital leases and terminated those agreements and included the new equipment. The equipment is leased from CSI Leasing Inc. for a period of five years beginning June 15, 2017. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|---|-----------------|
| 2021 | \$ 2,962,756 |
| 2022 | 2,962,756 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 5,925,512 |
| Less amount representing interest | 79,045 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 5,846,467 |

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School Board entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby instructional technology equipment has been implemented in several of the schools. The equipment is leased from Apple Financial Services for a period of four years beginning May 2019. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|---|---------------|
| 2021 | \$ 177,182 |
| 2022 | 177,181 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 354,363 |
| Less amount representing interest | 4,727 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 349,636 |

The School Board entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby instructional technology equipment has been implemented in several of the schools. The equipment is leased from Apple Financial Services for a period of five years beginning April 16, 2020. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|---|-----------------|
| 2022 | \$ 2,962,697 |
| 2023 | 2,962,697 |
| 2024 | 2,962,697 |
| 2025 | 1,071,587 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 9,959,678 |
| Less amount representing interest | 212,206 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 9,747,472 |

The School Board has entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code §18-5-9a whereby field turf has been installed at several of the schools. The turf is leased from BB&T for a period of five years beginning July 19, 2019. At the end of the contract period, the School Board will have ownership of the equipment. By contract, the School Board has the option of discontinuing the lease purchase and returning the equipment at the end of any fiscal year, if funding for the lease payments for the next fiscal year is not available. The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>Amount</u> |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 2021 | \$ 2,220,886 |
| 2022 | 2,220,886 |
| 2023 | 2,220,886 |
| 2024 | 740,295 |

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Total minimum lease payments | 7,402,953 |
| Less amount representing interest | 299,984 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ 7,102,969 |

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System:

All full-time board of education employees are required to participate in one of two statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement benefit plans, the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) or the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRC). For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board's total payroll for all employees was \$178,486,971 and the payroll was \$165,557,031 for employees covered by the two retirement programs.

Of the total amount appropriated by the State for retirement, the portion equal to the employers' average required contribution rate for both the defined benefit and the defined contribution plans is considered to be the employers' contribution for the current cash flow requirements for personnel funded under the Public School Support Program and is reflected as state revenue (Contributions For/On Behalf of the LEA) in the School Board's financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The balance is considered to be the State's contribution toward the past service unfunded liability and is included as a for/on behalf revenue and expenditure in the School Board's financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The State's contribution to TRS on-behalf of the School Board meets the GASB Statement No. 68 definition of a special funding source. Therefore, the School Board has recorded pension expense and revenue for the portion of the State's total proportionate share of collective pension expense that is associated with the School Board in the financial statements prepared on the economic resources focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Conversion of leave for post-retirement: For employees hired for the first time and first becoming a member of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) before July 1, 2015, upon retirement, an employee's vacation and sick leave may be converted to a greater retirement benefit or payment of health insurance premiums. The cost of the increased retirement benefit or payment of health insurance premiums must be absorbed by the last agency employing the retiree. For employees hired for the first time and first becoming a member of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) on or after July 1, 2015, there is no provision to convert an employee's unused vacation and sick leave to a greater retirement benefit or payment of health insurance premiums.

A. Teachers' Retirement System (TRS):

Plan Description:

The Teachers' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit retirement system which was established on July 1, 1941 and was closed for new members on July 1, 1991. Beginning July 1, 2005, all new employees become members of this plan. The West Virginia Legislature passed Senate Bill 529 in 2015 essentially adding a second tier of retirement benefits for those eligible to be a member of TRS who are hired for the first time and first become a member of TRS on or after July 1, 2015. Chapter 18, Article 7A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Benefits provided: Prior to the passage of Senate Bill 529, to qualify for full benefits, a member must be age 60 with at least five years of credited service, or be age 55 with at least 30 years of credited service or any age with at least 35 years of credited service. A member may receive a disability benefit after completing ten years of service, if the member is disabled for six months, unable to perform his or her regular occupation, and the Retirement Board expects the disability to be permanent. With the passage of Senate Bill 529, to qualify for full benefits, employees hired for the first time and first becoming a member of TRS on or after July 1, 2015 must meet the following conditions:

- age 62 for an employee who goes directly into retirement with no break in service,
- age 64 for employees with a break in service between employment and retirement and less than 20 years of TRS service,
- age 63 for those with a break in service between employment and retirement and 20 or more years of TRS service,

With the passage of Senate Bill 529, to qualify for reduced annuity benefits employees hired for the first time and first becoming a member of TRS on or after July 1, 2015 must meet the following conditions:

- between the ages of 60 and 62 and having a minimum of 10 years of contributing service,
- between the ages of 57 and 62 and having 20 or more years of contributing service.
- between the ages of 55 and 62 and having 30 or more years of contributing service.

Upon retirement members select one of five benefit payment options. If a member terminates employment with at least five years of credited service, he may freeze his membership until he qualifies for retirement or he may withdraw his contributions from the plan. The employers' contributions remain with the plan. Retirement benefits are based on two percent of the average member's five highest fiscal years of total earnings from covered employment during the member's last 15 years of service.

The normal form of benefit is a single life annuity paid monthly, in an amount equal to 2% of the final average salary times years of credited service. Other forms of benefits may be elected subject to actuarial reduction: Cash Refund Annuity, 50% or 100% Contingent Joint and Survivor Annuities, and ten year Certain and Life Annuities. Pre-retirement death benefits are paid to the spouse of a deceased member who had attained the age 50 and completed 25 years of credited service. The annuity payment is computed as if the member had retired on the date of death with a 100% Joint and Survivor pension. If the member's age and service are less than that required, the sum of the accumulated member's and employer contributions with interest is paid to the member's beneficiary or estate.

Contribution Requirements and Payments Made: This is a fully qualified plan by the Internal Revenue Service. Therefore, all employee contributions are tax deferred. Participants contribute 6% of their gross compensation and the board of education contributes 15% of covered members' gross compensation to the retirement plan, for a total of 21% annually for those who became members prior to July 1, 1991. Participants who became members after July 1, 2005 contribute 6% of their gross compensation and the board of education contributes 7.5% of covered members' gross compensation to the retirement plan, for a total of 13.5% annually.

The employers' contributions are derived from state appropriations and county funds. Federally funded grant programs provide the funding for the employer contributions for salaries paid from federal grants.

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources:

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the School Board. The amount recognized by the School Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School Board were as follows:

| School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability | | 11,789,229 |
|---|----|-------------|
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability | | |
| associated with the School Board. | | 189,196,235 |
| Total portion of net pension liability associated with the school board | \$ | 200,985,464 |

The TRS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 rolled forward to the measurement date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on its proportionate share of employer and non-employer contributions to the TRS Plan for the fiscal year ended on the measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Board's proportion was 0.396254 percent, which was an increase of (0.073748) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 (0.322506 percent).

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$23,035,846 and for support provided by the State, revenue of \$20,333,088. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resource | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | \$ | - | \$ 320,637 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 58,907 | 402,950 | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between School Board | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 5,774,618 | 5,775,749 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 254,550 | - | |
| District contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,450,821 | - | |
| Total | \$ | 7,538,896 | \$ 6,499,336 | |

School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Years ending June 30, | i | |
|-----------------------|----|-----------|
| 2021 | \$ | 958,980 |
| 2022 | | (127,978) |
| 2023 | | (790,940) |
| 2024 | | (625,102) |
| 2025 | | 173,779 |
| Thereafter | | · - |
| Total | \$ | (411,261) |

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions:

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. These assumptions are as follows:

Inflation - 3.0%

Salary increases – For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.50%.

Investment rate of return – 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.
Mortality – Active: RP-2000, Non-Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis. Retired: healthy males – 97% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis; disabled males – 96 % of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, disabled females – 101% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis.

Discount Rate – 7.5%

Investment Asset Allocation:

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block method in which estimates of expected real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Domestic Equity | 27.5% | 5.8% |
| International Equity | 27.5% | 7.7% |
| Fixed Income | 15.0% | 3.3% |
| Real Estate | 10.0% | 6.1% |
| Private Equity | 10.0% | 8.8% |
| Hedge Funds | 10.0% | 4.4% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projections of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the TRS Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rates of return on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of its net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% and the impact of using a discount rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current rate.

| | 1.0% Decrease 6.50% | Current Discount Rate 7.50% | 1.0% Increase 8.50% |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| School Board's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability | \$ 16,091,186 | \$ 11,789,229 | \$ 8,109,342 |

Total payments reflected in the School Board's financial statements to the defined benefit plan for fiscal year 2020 were:

| Employees' contributions (6%) | \$ 8,950,529 |
|--|------------------|
| Employer's contributions (15% or 7.5%) | 11,369,092 |
| Total contributions | \$ 20,319,621 |

Payables to the pension plan:

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability of \$4,518,787 for its unpaid legally required contributions to the pension plan. The liability is included in the balance of salaries payable and related payroll liabilities on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position.

B. <u>Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System</u>:

Plan Description: All School Board employees hired after July 1, 1991 but before July 1, 2005, participated in the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System. Employees in the Teachers' Defined Benefit System could freeze their benefits in the old plan and become a member of this plan. Members with less than five years of service in the old defined benefit plan could change to this plan and transfer the funds that were deposited in the old plan to this plan. Once a member transferred to the defined contribution plan, the member was not allowed to rejoin the defined benefit plan.

Effective July 1, 2005, the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan was closed to new membership. All employees hired after that date became members of the Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System which was reopened for participation on July 1, 2005. Existing members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan were given the option to transfer membership to the Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System during the 2008-09 fiscal year. To earn full benefits at retirement, however, members electing to transfer are required to contribute the 1.5% difference between the two plans' employee contribution rates.

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A unique feature of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan is that each member chooses the investment options and may make changes at any time. The investment options are: Great-West SF Balanced Trust, Great-West Lifetime 2016 Trust II, Great-West Lifetime 2025 Trust II, Great-West Lifetime 2035 Trust II, Great-West Lifetime 2045 Trust II, Great-West Lifetime 2055 Trust II, American Funds EuroPacific R5, Franklin Mutual Global Discovery Fund – Z, DFA US Targeted Value R1, T. Rowe Price Diversified Small Cap Growth, Vanguard Small-Cap Index Fund – Inv, American Century Heritage Inv, Scout Mid Cap, Fidelity New Millennium, Putnam Equity Income Y, Vanguard Large Cap Index Inv, Western Asset Core Plus Bond A, TIAA-CREF High-Yield Inst, Vanguard Interm-Term Bond Index Fund, and VALIC Fixed Annuity Option.

Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. Employee contributions are fully vested, and employer contributions and earnings vest with the member as follows: one-third after 6 years, two-thirds after 9 years, and 100% after 12 years. The member is fully vested at death or disability. As of June 30, 2018, this plan had approximately \$470.9 million in net position held in trust for pension benefits. Retirement or disability benefits are based solely on the accumulation of dollars in the member's individual account at the time of retirement. The accounting administration of the Plan is the responsibility of Great West Retirement Services, an independent third party administrator.

Funding Status: There is no unfunded liability for a defined contribution plan since a member's total maximum lifetime benefit is limited to that which has accumulated in the member's account from employee and employer contributions and all investment earnings thereon. Any forfeited, unvested employer contributions are, by statute, to be transferred to the Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System.

Contribution Requirements and Payments Made: This is a fully-qualified plan by the Internal Revenue Service. Therefore, all employee contributions are tax deferred. Participants contribute 4.5% of their gross salary and the board of education contributes 7.5% of covered members' gross compensation to the retirement plan, for a total of 12% annually.

Total payments reflected in the School Board's financial statements to the defined contribution plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were:

| Employees' contributions (4.5%) | \$ 737,205 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Employer's contributions (7.5%) | 1,228,677 |
| Total contributions | \$ 1,965,882 |

Note 10 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension:

General Information:

Other post-employment benefits in West Virginia consist mainly of: Allowing employees hired prior to July 1, 2001 to convert unused annual, sick and/or personal leave to paid-up West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) premiums and allowing retirees to purchase PEIA health insurance at a deeply discounted premium rate.

As a result, the West Virginia Legislature passed HB 4654 in 2006 adding a new article to the State Code, WVC §5-16D-1 et seq. The article, among other things, created the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBT) for the purpose of administering retiree post-employment health care benefits, vested the responsibility for operation of the fund with the PEIA Finance Board, and required the board to have an actuarial valuation conducted at least biannually.

All retired employees are eligible to obtain health insurance coverage through PEIA with the retired employee's premium contribution established by the PEIA Finance Board. The PEIA Finance Board has allowed retirees to obtain health insurance coverage at essentially the same premium rate as active employees with the difference between the retirees' premium contributions and the cost of providing health care to retirees subsidized by the State. It is this subsidy that has created the major portion of the OPEB actuarial liability.

Plan Description:

The West Virginia Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a cost sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan and covers the retirees of State agencies, colleges and universities, county boards of education, and other government entities as set forth in the West Virginia Code §5-16D-2. The financial activities of the Plan are accounted for in the RHBT, a fiduciary fund of the State of West Virginia, established July 1, 2006 as an irrevocable trust. The Plan is administered by a combination of PEIA and RHBT staff. The Plan administers and provides medical and prescription drug benefits to certain retired members receiving pension benefits under the PERS, TRS, TDCRS, TIAA-CREF, Plan G, Troopers Plan A or Troopers Plan B pension systems, as administered by the CPRB.

The Plan sponsor provides a capped pay-as-you-go subsidy to each covered retired member, as well as a fully insured retiree life insurance program.

Retiree contributions are set each year by the RHBT and approved by the PEIA Finance Board. Increases to retiree contributions may reflect healthcare inflation, claim experience, and premium increases above the plan sponsor capped pay-as-you-go subsidy. Retiree contributions depend on date of hire and years of service at retirement. Members hired on or after July 1, 2010, pay retiree healthcare contributions with no sponsor provided implicit or explicit subsidy. Members hired before July 1, 2010, pay retiree healthcare contributions that are reduced by a sponsor subsidy which depends on the member's years of service at retirement.

Details regarding this plan and a copy of the RHBT financial report can be obtained by contacting Public Employees Insurance Agency, 601 57th Street SE, Suite 2, Charleston, West Virginia 25304-2345, or by calling (888) 680-7342

Benefits provided:

Upon retirement, the public employees who elected to participate in the PEIA insurance plan are eligible to credit unused sick or annual leave towards insurance coverage, according to the following formulas:

Retired employees who elected to participate in the PEIA insurance plan prior to July 1, 1988: Those without dependents may credit two days of unused sick or annual leave towards one month of insurance coverage; the retirees with dependents may credit three days of unused sick or annual leave towards one month of insurance coverage.

Retired employees who elected to participate in the PEIA insurance plan between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 2001: those without dependents may credit two days of unused sick or annual leave towards one-half month of insurance coverage; the retirees with dependents may credit three days of unused sick or annual leave towards one-half month of insurance coverage.

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2001 may not apply any unused sick or annual leave towards the cost of health insurance premiums.

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

In the alternative to applying unused sick and annual leave to health insurance, all employees participating in the PEIA insurance plan, and who are members of the State Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System prior to July 1, 2015, may apply unused sick and annual leave towards an increase in the employee's retirement benefits with those days constituting additional credited service. The cost for the employees who elect this option is reflected as a liability of the State Teachers' Retirement System and not included as an OPEB obligation.

Contributions:

WVC §5-16D-3 states that contribution requirements of the members and the participating employers are set each year by the RHBT and approved by the PEIA Finance Board. All participating employers are required by statute to contribute to the RHBT this premium at the established rate for every active policyholder per month. The paygo rates for June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, were:

| | <u>2020</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Paygo premium | \$ 183 | \$ 168 |

Contributions to the OPEB plan from the School Board were \$5,844,851 for the year end June 30, 2020. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

The State of West Virginia (the State) is a nonemployer contributing entity that provides funding through Senate Bill 469 which was passed February 10, 2012, granting OPEB liability relief to the 55 County Boards of Education effective July 1, 2012. This special funding under the school aid formula subsidizes employer contributions of the county boards of education and contributes to the overall unfunded OPEB liability.

The State is a nonemployer contributing entity that provides funding through Senate Bill 419, effective July 1, 2012 and amended by West Virginia Code §11-21-96. For fiscal years beginning on and after July 1, 2016, this Senate Bill and corresponding State Code section requires that an annual amount of \$30 million from the State shall be dedicated for payment of the unfunded liability of the RHBT fund. The \$30 million annual contribution is to continue through July 1, 2037, or until the unfunded liability has been eliminated, whichever comes first.

The State is a nonemployer contributing entity that provides funding through West Virginia State Code §11B-2-32. The Financial Stability Fund is a plan to transfer an annual amount of \$5 Million to the RHBT from special revenue funds to be used to lower retiree premiums, to help reduce benefit cuts, to help reduce premium increases or any combination thereof. The \$5 million transferred pursuant to this Code shall be transferred annually into the RHBT through June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the School Board. The amount recognized by the School Board as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the School Board were as follows:

| School Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 10,259,346 |
|--|------------------|
| State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | |
| associated with the School Board. | 46,676,274 |
| Total portion of net OPEB liability associated with the school board | \$ 56,935,620 |

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to the measurement date. The School Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on its proportionate share of employer and non-employer contributions to the OPEB Plan for the fiscal year ended on the measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Board's proportion was 0.618356119 percent, which was a decrease of 0.479753296 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 (1.098109415 percent).

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$(894,371) and for support provided by the State, revenue of \$(571,259). At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resource | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | \$ | 58,327 | \$ | 169,002 |
| Differences between expected and actual non-investment experience Changes in proportion and differences between School Board | | - | | 1,196,531 |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 6,986,908 | | 10,153,955 |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | 2,080,675 |
| Reallocation of Opt-Out Employer Change in Proportionate Share | | 2,532 | | 276,020 |
| School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,112,090 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 8,159,857 | \$ | 13,876,183 |

School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Years ending June 30, | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 2021 | \$ (2,180,274) |
| 2022 | (1,702,259) |
| 2023 | (1,944,691) |
| 2024 | (1,001,192) |
| 2025 | - |
| Thereafter | - |
| Total | \$ (6,828,416) |

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions. These assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015 and apply to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Inflation-2.75%

Wage inflation – 4.00%

Investment rate of return – 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Asset valuation method – Market Value

Actuarial cost method – Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method – level percentage of payroll over a 20-year closed period

Salary increases – Dependent upon pension system. Ranging from 3.0% to 6.5% including inflation **Retirement age** – Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Aging factors – Based on the 2018 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death"

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mortality – Post-Retirement: RP – 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis; Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Non-Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis.

Discount rate – 7.15%

Healthcare cost trend rates – Trend rate for pre-Medicare per capita costs of 8.5% for plan year end 2020, decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year 2028. Trend rate for Medicare per capita costs of 3.1% for plan year end 2020. 9.5% for plan year end 2021, decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year end 2031.

Expenses – Health administrative expenses are included in the development of the per capita claims cost. Operating expenses are included as a component of the annual expense.

Certain assumptions have been changed since the prior actuarial valuation of June 30, 2017 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019. The net effect of assumptions change was approximately \$236 million. The assumption changes that significantly impacted the Total OPEB Liability were an approximate \$11.8 million decrease in the per capita claims costs for Pre-Medicare and Medicare, as well as an approximate \$224.2 million decrease due to capped subsidy costs implemented in December 2019. Certain other assumption changes were noted but did not materially impact the Total OPEB Liability.

Investment Asset Allocation:

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Target asset allocations, capital market assumptions (CMA), and a 10-year forecast of nominal geometric returns by major asset class were provided by the plan's investment advisors, including the West Virginia Investment Management Board (WV-IMB). The projected nominal return for the Money Market Pool held with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments ("WV-BTI") was estimated based on the WV-IMB assumed inflation of 2.0% plus a 25 basis point spread. The target allocation and estimates of annualized long-term expected real returns assuming a 10-year horizon are summarized below:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Real Return |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Global Equity | 49.5% | 4.8% |
| Core plus fixed income | 13.5% | 2.1% |
| Core real estate | 9.0% | 4.1% |
| Hedge fund | 9.0% | 2.4% |
| Private equity | 9.0% | 6.8% |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 10.0% | 0.3% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

A single discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.15% and a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date to the extent benefits are effectively financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The long-term municipal bond rate used to develop the single discount rate was 3.62% as of the beginning of the year and 3.13% as of the end of the year. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the prefunding and investment policies. Future pre-funding assumptions include a \$30 million annual contribution from the State through 2037. Based on those assumptions, and that the Plan is expected to be fully funded by fiscal year ended June 30, 2033, the

OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Discount rates are subject to change between measurement dates. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability did not change for the June 30, 2018 valuation from the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of its net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent and the impact of using a discount rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current rate.

| | 1.0% | Current Discount | 1.0% |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | Decrease 6.15% | Rate 7.15% | Increase 8.15% |
| School Board's proportionate share of the WV-RHBT net OPEB liability | \$ 12,244,226 | \$ 10,259,346 | \$ 8,598,337 |

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:

The following table presents the School Board's Proportionate share of its net OPEB liability and the impact of using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current rate.

| | 1.0% Decrease | Healthcare Cost Trend Rates | 1.0% Increase |
|--|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| School Board's proportionate share of the WV-RHBT net OPEB liability | \$ 8,272,680 | \$ 10,259,346 | \$ 12,670,164 |

Payables to the OPEB Plan:

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability of \$0 for its unpaid legally required contributions to the OPEB plan.

Opt-Out Employer Balance Reallocation

Certain employers that meet the Plan's opt-out criteria are no longer required to make contributions to the Plan. These opt-out employers have no continuing involvement with the Plan. Accordingly, the amounts previously allocated to such employers for the net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are reallocated to the remaining employers participating in the cost sharing plan. The plan reallocates these balances to the remaining active employers based on their proportionate share of contributions made in the period of reallocation.

Note 11 - Pending Litigation:

The School Board is involved in a number of legal proceedings and claims, involving students, employees and citizens who have sued the School Board for damages. While it is not possible to determine the ultimate outcome of any lawsuit with certainty, management believes that the ultimate outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School Board. The School Board's insurance through the State Board of Risk and Insurance Management appears adequate to fully cover any potential liability.

Note 12 - Payments On Behalf:

The School Board may receive commitments or payments made by the State or an intermediate governmental jurisdiction for the benefit of the School Board or contributions of equipment or supplies. Such revenue includes the payment to a pension fund by the State or an intermediate unit on behalf of the Board's employees for services rendered to the School Board. The revenues recorded as payments on behalf of the School Board for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

| Retirement allocation by the State | \$ 10,863,561 |
|---|------------------|
| Unfunded retirement liability allocation by the State | 30,863,292 |
| PEIA allocations from the State | 16,202,972 |
| RHBT allocations from the State | 4,732,761 |
| Special Education – Out of State Placement by the State | 166,720 |

Note 13 - Fund Balance

The detailed components of the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

| Fund Balances | General Current Expense | Special Revenue Fund | CARES Special Revenue Fund | Debt Service Fund | Permanent Improvement Fund | Total Governmental |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Inventory | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Deposits | 141,066 | - | - | - | - | 141,066 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Special Projects | - | 15,665,700 | - | - | - | 15,665,700 |
| Capital Projects | - | - | - | - | 27,228,646 | 27,228,646 |
| Debt Service | - | - | - | 299 | - | 299 |
| Excess Levies | 59,648 | - | - | - | - | 59,648 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Purchase orders | 18,918,295 | - | - | - | - | 18,918,295 |
| *See below | 32,371,392 | - | - | - | - | 32,371,392 |
| Unassigned | - | - | (9,284) | - | - | (9,284) |
| Total fund balances | \$ 51,490,401 | \$ 15,665,700 | \$ (9,284) | \$ 299 | \$ 27,228,646 | \$ 94,375,762 |

The Assigned Fund Balance of the General Current Expense Fund is classified as follows:

| <u>Program</u> | <u>Amount</u> |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Regular Education Programs | \$22,855,732 |
| Special Education Programs | 558,049 |
| Other Instructional Programs | 262,600 |
| Transfers & Reserves | 8,695,011 |
| TOTAL | <u>\$32,371,392</u> |

Note 14 - Commitments, Contingencies and Subsequent Events:

The School Board had encumbrances totaling \$43,544,511 as of June 30, 2020 in the following funds:

| General | | | CARES |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Current | Special | Permanent | Special |
| Expense | Revenue | Improvement | Revenue |
| <u>Fund</u> | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Fund</u> |
| | | | |
| \$ 18,918,29 <u>5</u> | \$ 3,332,358 | \$ 21,290,472 | \$ 3,386 |

Encumbrances are classified as Restricted, Committed, or Assigned fund balance depending on the specific purpose of the encumbrance.

As of June 30, 2020 the following commitments for construction and other capital improvements existed, which are included in the restricted fund balance reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

| Construction Project | Amount |
|--|---|
| Elk Elementary School – building renovations Various school locations –field turf South Charleston High School – gym floor renovation Ruffner Elementary School – building renovations Various school locations – HVAC Clendenin Elementary School – flood recovery work Herbert Hoover High School – flood recovery work Ben Franklin Career & Tech. Ctr. – building renovations Various school locations – roofing | \$ 21,004 5,783,537 130,000 6,048 13,020,778 160,637 15,649,278 137,283 2,736,298 |
| Various school locations – paving | 261,755 |

A devastating flood on June 23-25, 2016 in the Elk River area of Kanawha County caused damage to four schools: Herbert Hoover High School, Elkview Middle School, Clendenin Elementary School, and Bridge Elementary School. As a result of the severe damage to the building structures of Herbert Hoover High School and Clendenin Elementary School, those two school buildings will be demolished and new school facilities will be rebuilt at other locations above the flood plain. FEMA considered both school buildings to be destroyed by its standards. The exact locations in the Elk River community for the construction of these new school buildings have not been determined at this time. It is estimated that FEMA will reimburse 90% of the costs to construct the new school buildings; however, a total cost to construct and any insurance or FEMA reimbursement has not been finalized. Should the Board not receive this FEMA reimbursement, this could result in a significant issue for the Board. These new school buildings will not be ready for students to attend for another 2-3 years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the school system was awarded four SBA grants for flood recovery work: \$484,141 for the demolition of Clendenin Elementary School, \$2,900,304 for the demolition of Herbert Hoover High School, \$1,106,373 for architectural and engineering fees relating to the new construction of Clendenin Elementary School, and \$3,654,218 for architectural and engineering fees relating to the new construction of Herbert Hoover High School. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the school board was awarded an SBA grant for construction of the new Herbert Hoover High School in the amount of \$69,754,181. Subsequent to year-end a grant in the amount of \$31,812,394.50 was awarded from the SBA for construction of the new Clendenin Elementary.

Contingencies

Under the terms of certain federal grant programs, periodic audits may be made, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenses. Laws and regulations governing the grant programs and allowability of program costs are complex and subject to interpretation. Accordingly, such audits could lead to disallowances requiring reimbursements to the grantor agencies, which could be material to the Board's financial statements. Management of the Board believes that the Board is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, in all material respects. Based on prior experience, the Board believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Medicaid school-based health services program through the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources (DHHR), Bureau for Medical Services has a cost settlement requirement. This change was required by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Revenue for services provided during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 has been recognized in accordance with the fee-for-service billings because there is insufficient data to estimate the cost settlement amounts. The interim cost settlement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was received by the School Board during August 2020. As such, Medicaid revenue has been adjusted accordingly within the accompanying financial statements. The interim cost settlement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 will not be available until spring or summer of 2021. Laws and regulations governing the Medicaid program are complex and subject to interpretation. Management of the School Board believes that it is in compliance, in all material respects, with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing that would have a material effect on its financial statements. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation. Accordingly, such reviews could lead to disallowances and/or significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties and exclusion from the Medicaid program resulting in reimbursement of previously reported revenue, which could be material to the School Board's financial statements.

The Board owns various buildings which are known to contain asbestos and/or other environmental issues. The Board is not required by federal, state or local law to remove the asbestos from its buildings. The Board is required under federal environmental health and safety regulations to manage the presence of asbestos and other environmental issues in its buildings in a safe condition. The Board addresses its responsibility to manage the presence of asbestos and other environmental issues in its buildings on a case by case basis. Significant problems of dangerous asbestos conditions are abated as the conditions become known. The Board also addresses the presence of asbestos as building renovation or demolition projects are undertaken and through asbestos operation and maintenance programs directed at containing, managing, or operating with the asbestos in a safe condition.

Note 15 - Interfund Balances and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | <u>Amount</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| General Current Expense | CARES Special Revenue Fund | \$ 132,533 |
| Special Revenue | General Current Expense | \$ 3,458,741 |

Interfund Transfers

During the year ended June 30, 2020, interfund transfers were made as follows:

- The General Current Expense Fund transferred \$6,086,589 to the Special Revenue Fund for state unfunded mandates relating to staff development and for state funded support of the food service program.
- The General Current Expense Fund transferred \$4,599,000 to the Permanent Improvement Fund for new school building construction and for improvements to existing school buildings in accordance with provisions of the excess levy ballot.
- The Special Revenue Fund transferred \$705,331 to the General Current Expense Fund for indirect cost expenditures.
- In addition, the CARES Special Revenue Fund transferred \$3,823 to the General Current Expense Fund for indirect cost expenditures

Note 16 - Major Sources of Revenue:

The largest single source of revenue received by the School Board is state aid funds through the Public School Support Program. In addition, the School Board receives financial assistance from federal and state governments in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the School Board's independent auditor and state and federal regulatory agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable fund. Based on prior experience, the School Board believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 17 - COVID 19 Pandemic:

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate the spread of it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many counties, including the geographical area in which the School Board operates.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted. The CARES Act provided federal stimulus dollars to assist state agencies, local school districts, businesses, organizations, families, students, and other entities during the COVID-19 pandemic. As a state, West Virginia received more than a billion dollars under the federal CARES Act. Approximately \$86.6 million of those dollars were specifically put into a fund titled the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSERF). This allocation is specifically earmarked to assist schools to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools in West Virginia. Of the \$86.6 million ESSERF appropriation, 90% (\$78 million) of the fund goes directly to county school districts to use at their discretion. The CARES Act provided that the West Virginia Department of Education (WVDE) could retain 10% (\$8.6 million) to address emergency needs as determined by the WVDE resulting from COVID-19. The WVDE announced the entirety of the \$8.6 million will also go to counties, allocated on a competitive grant basis. The School Board received \$8.3 million from these funds to help mitigate the expenses incurred directly from COVID-19. It is unknown how long the adverse conditions from COVID-19 will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the School Board.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | | Adjustments for | Actual GAAP Regulatory | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | | d Amounts | Actual GAAP | Regulatory | Basis | Variance With |
| Revenues: | Original | Final | Amounts | Basis | Amounts | Final Budget |
| | | | | _ | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 124,411,689 | \$ 123,027,468 | \$ 126,231,592 | \$ - | \$ 126,231,592 | . , , |
| Other local sources | 1,413,000 | 6,131,295 | 6,075,250 | - | 6,075,250 | (56,045) |
| State sources | 130,017,082 | 172,228,221 | 170,430,039 | - | 170,430,039 | (1,798,182) |
| Federal sources | 750,000 | 857,011 | 1,842,680 | | 1,842,680 | 985,669 |
| Total revenues | 256,591,771 | 302,243,995 | 304,579,561 | - | 304,579,561 | 2,335,566 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Instruction | 137,434,479 | 177,309,973 | 167,135,954 | | 167,135,954 | 10,174,019 |
| Supporting services: | | | | | | |
| Students | 12,377,230 | 14,936,118 | 14,624,788 | | 14,624,788 | 311,330 |
| Instructional staff | 3,068,838 | 3,648,325 | 2,877,821 | | 2,877,821 | 770,504 |
| Central administration | 2,255,339 | 3,166,414 | 2,666,221 | | 2,666,221 | 500,193 |
| School administration | 14,149,550 | 17,290,863 | 16,901,915 | | 16,901,915 | 388,948 |
| Business | 10,298,703 | 9,419,099 | 8,101,452 | | 8,101,452 | 1,317,647 |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | 54,197,897 | 62,161,327 | 34,485,839 | | 34,485,839 | 27,675,488 |
| Student transportation | 12,852,519 | 18,248,187 | 17,522,228 | | 17,522,228 | 725,959 |
| Food services | - | 15,000 | - | | - | 15,000 |
| Community services | 3,090,644 | 4,499,816 | 4,499,816 | - | 4,499,816 | - |
| Capital outlay | - | 223,970 | 8,377,548 | - | 8,377,548 | (8,153,578) |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 3,198,512 | 4,388,784 | 6,305,724 | - | 6,305,724 | (1,916,940) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | - | 242,057 | - | 242,057 | (242,057) |
| Total expenditures | 252,923,711 | 315,307,876 | 283,741,363 | - | 283,741,363 | 31,566,513 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | 0.000.000 | (40,000,004) | 00 000 100 | | 00 000 400 | 00 000 070 |
| expenditures | 3,668,060 | (13,063,881) | 20,838,198 | - | 20,838,198 | 33,902,079 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 14,120 | 709,154 | - | 709,154 | 695,034 |
| Proceeds from disposal of equipment | - | 24,571 | 1,736,815 | - | 1,736,815 | 1,712,244 |
| Capital lease proceeds | | | 9,747,472 | - | 9,747,472 | 9,747,472 |
| Transfers (out) | (6,568,060) | (11,161,181) | (10,685,589) | - | (10,685,589) | 475,592 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (6,568,060) | (11,122,490) | 1,507,852 | - | 1,507,852 | 12,630,342 |
| | | | | | | |
| Change in fund balances | (2,900,000) | (24,186,371) | 22,346,050 | - | 22,346,050 | 46,532,421 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 2,900,000 | 24,186,371 | 29,144,351 | - | 29,144,351 | 4,957,980 |
| Restatement of fund balance | | - | - | - | - | <u>-</u> |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 51,490,401 | \$ - | \$ 51,490,401 | \$ 51,490,401 |
| - | | | | | | |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | | Adjustments for | Actual GAAP Regulatory | |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | Budgeted | Amounts | Actual GAAP | Regulatory | Basis | Variance With |
| | Original | Final | Amounts | Basis | Amounts | Final Budget |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Local sources | \$ 90,801 | \$ 2,265,873 | \$ 2,381,518 | \$ - | \$ 2,381,518 | \$ 115,645 |
| State sources | 11,931,730 | 6,407,620 | 6,274,486 | - | 6,274,486 | (133,134) |
| Federal sources | 34,346,109 | 53,388,992 | 40,467,909 | - | 40,467,909 | (12,921,083) |
| Total revenues | 46,368,640 | 62,062,485 | 49,123,913 | - | 49,123,913 | (12,938,572) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Instruction | 13,901,820 | 36,978,083 | 28,572,049 | - | 28,572,049 | 8,406,034 |
| Supporting services: | | | | | - | |
| Students | 1,892,010 | 2,704,980 | 2,275,602 | - | 2,275,602 | 429,378 |
| Instructional staff | 3,117,080 | 5,751,583 | 4,742,151 | - | 4,742,151 | 1,009,432 |
| Central administration | 25,260 | 102,427 | 73,610 | - | 73,610 | 28,817 |
| Business | - | 126,874 | 119,104 | - | 119,104 | 7,770 |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | - | 54,684 | 21,985 | - | 21,985 | 32,699 |
| Student transportation | 1,680,005 | 233,338 | 114,152 | - | 114,152 | 119,186 |
| Food services | 21,254,546 | 32,024,453 | 21,475,900 | - | 21,475,900 | 10,548,553 |
| Community services | - | 68,519 | 28,959 | - | 28,959 | 39,560 |
| Total expenditures | 41,870,721 | 78,044,941 | 57,423,512 | - | 57,423,512 | 20,621,429 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 4,497,919 | (15,982,456) | (8,299,599) | - | (8,299,599) | 7,682,857 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 6,568,059 | 6,228,558 | 6,086,589 | _ | 6,086,589 | 141,969 |
| Transfers (out) | - | (913,578) | (705,331) | - | (705,331) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 6,568,059 | 5,314,980 | 5,381,258 | - | 5,381,258 | 66,278 |
| Change in fund balances | 11,065,978 | (10,667,476) | (2,918,341) | - | (2,918,341) | 7,749,135 |
| Fund balances - beginning | (11,065,978) | 10,667,476 | 18,584,041 | - | 18,584,041 | 7,916,565 |
| Restatement of fund balance | | | - | - | | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 15,665,700 | \$ - | \$ 15,665,700 | \$ 15,665,700 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CARES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | | | | | , | tments | Actual GAAP Regulatory | | |
|---|----|---------|------|-----------|----|-------------|----|---------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Budgete | d Ar | nounts | A | Actual GAAP | | ulatory | Basis | Va | ariance With |
| | | riginal | | Final | _ | Amounts | - | asis | Amounts | Final Budget | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal sources | \$ | _ | \$ | 8,351,034 | \$ | 132,533 | \$ | - | \$ 132,533 | \$ | (8,218,501) |
| Total revenues | | - | | 8,351,034 | | 132,533 | | - | 132,533 | | (8,218,501) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | - | | 8,277,793 | | 68,849 | | - | 68,849 | | 8,208,944 |
| Supporting services: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business | | - | | 12,958 | | 12,958 | | - | 12,958 | | - |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | | - | | 23,475 | | 23,475 | | - | 23,475 | | - |
| Food services | | _ | | 32,712 | | 32,712 | | - | 32,712 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | - | | 8,346,938 | | 137,994 | | - | 137,994 | | 8,208,944 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | | - | | 4,096 | | 207,139 | | - | 207,139 | | (9,557) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers (out) | | - | | (4,096) | | (3,823) | | = | (3,823) | | 273 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | (4,096) | | (3,823) | | - | (3,823) | | 273 |
| Change in fund balances | | - | | - | | 203,316 | | - | 203,316 | | 203,316 |
| Fund balances - beginning | - | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 203,316 | \$ | - | \$ 203,316 | \$ | 203,316 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 0.396254% | 0.322506% | 0.528854% | 0.453215% | 0.305900% | 0.210236% |
| Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 11,789,229 | \$ 10,069,457 | \$ 18,271,757 | \$ 18,626,367 | \$ 10,600,199 | \$ 7,253,350 |
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the board | 189,196,235 | 179,887,604 | 280,924,623 | 258,434,675 | 184,217,148 | 145,946,842 |
| Total | 200,985,464 | 189,957,061 | 299,196,380 | 277,061,042 | 194,817,347 | 153,200,192 |
| Board's covered payroll | \$ 142,762,892 | \$ 140,349,992 | \$ 140,340,796 | \$ 143,878,425 | \$ 144,108,883 | \$ 136,262,571 |
| Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 8.258% | 7.175% | 13.020% | 12.946% | 7.356% | 5.323% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 72.64% | 71.20% | 67.85% | 61.42% | 66.25% | 65.95% |

Data prior to 2014 is unavailable.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FYE JUNE 30, 2020

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 11,369,092 | \$ 11,504,950 | \$ 11,323,666 | \$ 12,220,452 | \$ 12,391,873 | \$ 12,732,682 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) | (11,369,092) | (11,504,950) | (11,323,666) | (12,220,452) | (12,391,873) | (12,732,682) |
| Board's covered payroll | \$ 149,174,693 | \$ 142,762,892 | \$ 140,349,992 | \$ 140,340,796 | \$ 143,878,425 | \$ 144,108,883 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 7.621% | 8.059% | 8.068% | 8.708% | 8.613% | 8.835% |

Data prior to 2015 is unavailable.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) | 0.618356% | 1.098109% | 0.511456% |
| Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ 10,259,346 | \$ 23,559,234 | \$ 12,576,645 |
| State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the board | 46,676,274 | 60,892,083 | 58,819,639 |
| Total | 56,935,620 | 84,451,317 | 71,396,284 |
| Board's covered payroll | \$ 139,199,657 | \$ 136,965,150 | \$ 135,679,069 |
| Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 7.370% | 17.201% | 9.269% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 39.69% | 30.98% | 25.10% |

Data prior to 2017 is unavailable.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 5,844,851 | \$ 6,554,033 | \$ 6,630,029 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) | (5,844,851) | (6,554,033) | (6,630,029) |
| Board's covered payroll | \$ 141,234,548 | \$ 139,199,657 | \$ 136,965,150 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 4.138% | 4.708% | 4.841% |

Data prior to 2018 is unavailable.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

All county boards of education within West Virginia are required by statute to prepare annual budgets and levy rate estimates on prescribed forms and submit these for approval. Budgets are not adopted for agency funds. The following procedures are followed in preparing the annual budget:

- 1. Pursuant to State statute, the School Board is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain its financial condition and to determine the amount that is to be raised from the levy of taxes for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The School Board adjourns the meeting and submits its Schedule of Proposed Levy Rates to the State Auditor's Office for approval. The School Board then reconvenes its meeting on the third Tuesday of April to formally lay the approved levy.
- 2. The School Board is also required to submit its proposed budget for the subsequent year to the State Board of Education for approval by the date established in the budget calendar. The School Board is also required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget before it is submitted for approval. The proposed budget must be made available for public inspection for at least 10 days before the public hearing is held.

Revisions to the budget are authorized only with the prior written approval of the State Board of Education.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations:

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the funds listed at the function level, which, according to State Board Policy, is the level at which budgetary controls must be maintained.

GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND:

| <u>Function</u> | <u>Amount</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Principal retirement | \$ (1,916,940) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | (242,057) |

The over-expenditures in these programs were funded by a reduction of expenditures in the remaining instructional programs, available beginning fund balance and revenues received in excess of the anticipated amounts budgeted.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Changes in Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the total pension liability calculation can change from year to year. Please see table below which summarizes the actuarial assumptions used for the respective measurement dates.

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| Inflation | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 2.2% |
| Salary Increases | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.50% | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.50% | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00% | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.00 to 6.00% | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.75-5.25%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.40-6.50%. | For teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.75-5.25%. For non-teacher members, salary increases are based on member experience, dependent on age and gender, ranging from 3.40-6.50%. |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.5 %, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation | 7.5 %, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation | 7.5 %, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation | 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation. | 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation. | 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation. |
| Mortality | Active: RP-2000, Non-Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis. Retired: healthy males – 97% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis; disabled | Active: RP-2000, Non-Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis. Retired: healthy males – 97% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis; disabled | Active: RP-2000, Non-Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis. Retired: healthy males – 97% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with | Active: RP-2000, Non-Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis. Retired: healthy males – 97% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, healthy females – 94% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational | Active – RP2000, non- annuitant monthly mortality table, retired – RP2000 healthy annuitant, scale AA; disabled – RP2000 disabled annuitant mortality table, scale AA. | Active – RP2000, non- annuitant monthly mortality table, retired – RP2000 healthy annuitant, scale AA; disabled – RP2000 disabled annuitant mortality table, scale AA. |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

males – 96 % of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, disabled females – 101% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis.

males – 96 % of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, disabled females – 101% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis.

Scale AA on a fully generational basis; disabled males - 96 % of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table. projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, disabled females -101% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis.

basis; disabled males - 96 % of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis, disabled females - 101% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected with Scale AA on a fully generational hasis

Discount Rate 7.5% 7.5% 7.5% 7.5% 7.5% 7.5%

The actuarial assumptions used in the total OPEB liability calculation can change from year to year. Please see table below which summarizes the actuarial assumptions used for the respective measurement dates.

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Inflation | 2.75% | 2.75% | 2.75% |
| Salary Increases | Dependent upon pension system. Ranging from 3.0% to 6.5% | Dependent upon pension system. Ranging from 3.0% to 6.5% | Dependent upon pension system. Ranging from 3.0% to 6.5% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation | 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation | 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |
| Mortality | Post-Retirement: RP – 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis | Post-Retirement: RP – 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis | Post-Retirement: RP – 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis |
| Discount Rate | 7.15% | 7.15% | 7.15% |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rates | Trend rate for pre-Medicare per capita costs of 8.5% for plan year end 2020, | Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and after 2019, trend starts at | Actual trend used for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal years on and after 2018, trend starts at 8.5% |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year 2028. Trend rate for Medicare per capita costs of 3.1% for plan year end 2020. 9.5% for plan year end 2021, decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year end 2031.

8.0% and 10.0% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50%. Excess trend rate of 0.13% and 0.00% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, is added to healthcare trend rates pertaining to per capita claims costs beginning in 2022 to account for the Excise Tax.

and 9.75% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50%. Excess trend rate of 0.14% and 0.29% for pre and post-Medicare, respectively, is added to healthcare trend rates pertaining to per capita claims costs beginning in 2020 to account for the Excise Tax.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND**

| FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 $$ |
|--|
| |

| | | | | | | | Adjustments for | | ual GAAP egulatory | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---------|------|-------|------|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|----------|
| | E | Budgete | d Am | ounts | Actu | ıal GAAP | Regulatory | | Basis | Variar | nce With |
| | Ori | ginal | | Final | Aı | mounts | Basis | Amounts | | Final Budget | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local sources | \$ | - | \$ | 133 | \$ | 164 | \$ - | \$ | 164 | \$ | 31 |
| Other local sources | | - | | - | | 2 | - | | 2 | | 2 |
| Total revenues | | - | | 133 | | 166 | - | | 166 | | 33 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Total expenditures | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | | - | | 133 | | 166 | | | 166 | | 33 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | _ | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers (out) | | | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Change in fund balances | | - | | 133 | | 166 | - | | 166 | | 33 |
| Fund balances - beginning | | - | | (133) | | 133 | - | | 133 | | 266 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 299 | \$ - | \$ | 299 | \$ | 299 |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | | | Adjustments for | Actual GAAP Regulatory | | |
|---|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Bu | dgete | d Amounts | Actual GAAP | Regulatory | Basis | Variance With | |
| | Origi | nal | Final | Amounts | Basis | Amounts | Final Budget | |
| Revenues: | _ | | | | _ | | | |
| Other Local sources | \$ | - | \$ 244,599 28,184,042 | \$ 243,883 4,835,952 | \$ - | \$ 243,883 4,835,952 | \$ (716) (23,348,090) | |
| State sources Federal sources | | - | 55,123,125 | 5,059,143 | _ | 5,059,143 | (50,063,982) | |
| Total revenues | - | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| rotai revenues | - | - | 83,551,766 | 10,138,978 | - | 10,138,978 | (73,412,788) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | - | - | 22,141,852 | - | 22,141,852 | (22,141,852) | |
| Operation and maintenance of facilities | | - | - | 79,449 | - | 79,449 | (79,449) | |
| Support services - Business | | - | = | 48,533 | = | 48,533 | (48,533) | |
| Total expenditures | | - | - | 22,269,834 | - | 22,269,834 | (22,269,834) | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | _ | 83,551,766 | (12,130,856) | _ | (12,130,856) | (95,682,622) | |
| experiultures | | | 03,331,700 | (12,130,030) | | (12,130,030) | (95,062,022) | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | _ | 4,599,000 | 4,599,000 | - | 4,599,000 | _ | |
| | | | - | 3,513,903 | _ | 3,513,903 | 3,513,903 | |
| QZAB proceeds | | - | 8,957,213 | 8,957,213 | - | 8,957,213 | - | |
| Transfers (out) | | - | = | - | = | = | <u>-</u> | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | 13,556,213 | 17,070,116 | - | 17,070,116 | 3,513,903 | |
| Change in fund balances | | - | 97,107,979 | 4,939,260 | - | 4,939,260 | (92,168,719) | |
| Fund balances - beginning | | - | (97,107,979) | 22,289,386 | - | 22,289,386 | 119,397,365 | |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 27,228,646 | \$ - | \$ 27,228,646 | \$ 27,228,646 | |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXCESS LEVY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Current Year | | | | L | evy To Date | Date | | |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | Estimated Per Levy | | | | Estimated Per Levy | | | |
| | | Call | | Actual | Variance | Call | | Actual | Variance |
| Excess Levy Collections | \$ | 64,920,000 | \$ | 65,438,214 \$ | 518,214 | \$ 64,920,000 | \$ | 65,438,214 \$ | 518,214 |
| County Specific Levy Call: | | | | | | | | | |
| Professional, service, and substitute salaries: Incurunity, but not initide to, professional and service and substitute salaries, salaries of professional and service in excess of 200 days, salaries for professionals and service in excess of state funding limit, salaries of non-certified personnel and minimum salaries fixed by law and supplemental salaries, fringe benefits; Textbooks, Supplies, Postage, Insurance, Contracted Services and Travel -Including, but not limited to, printing, copying, school, warehouse, custodial, library, office, vocational, and health supplies, postage, textbooks, insurance, travel, instructional activities and staff development, legal services, distance learning, special education residential placements, pest management, extended school, financial audit, energy management, bus drug and alcohol testing, and fire alarm inspections; Construction, Repairs, Maintenance, operational supplies, equipment, rentals, and/or other expenses -Including, but not limited to, construction, building repairs, roof replacement, asbestos projects, structural repairs, fire code corrections, Americans with Disabilities Act compliance, equipment maintenance, paving, bus maintenance and/or additional curricular needs of the schools, garage, building supplies, grounds supplies, equipment supplies and vehicle supplies, maintenance equipment, vehicle replacement, lab equipment, administrative equipment, school equipment, vacuums, copiers, gasoline tanks, transportation equipment, school copier rentals, computer leases, data comunications, drivers' education car rentals, communication equipment, school copier rentals, computer leases, data comunications, drivers' education car rentals, communication equipment, in school copier rentals, computer leases, data | | 39,584,000 | | 68,360,743 | 28,776,743 | 39,584,000 | | 68,360,743 | 28,776,743 |
| Safety and security improvements: Including but not limited to Intruder Locksets for Classroom and Door Repair, Camera Upgrades and Visitor/Access Control, Base Radio Project for Emergency Communications, Panic Alert System for Teachers, and Door Contact Alarms | | 239,994 | | 239,994 | - | 239,994 | | 239,994 | - |
| HVAC improvements at the following schools and facilities: * Elementary Schools: Alum Creek, Elk Center, Grandview, Kanawha City, Lakewood, Piedmont, Middle Schools: Dunbar, Stonewall Jackson, High Schools: Capital, George Washington, Riverside, St. Albans, Sissonville and South Charleston Career Centers: Carver. | | 18,577,687 | | 23,618,228 | 5,040,541 | 18,577,687 | | 23,618,228 | 5,040,541 |
| Roofing improvements at the following schools and facilities: * Elementary Schools: Belle, Malden, Pinch, Ruthlawn, Grandview, Montrose, Pratt, Sharon Dawes, Middle Schools: Dunbar, McKinley, High Schools: Capital, Nitro, Riverside, Career Center: Carver. | | 4,869,807 | | 5,616,454 | 746,647 | 4,869,807 | | 5,616,454 | 746,647 |
| Installation of athletic turf at the following schools: High Schools: George Washington, Herbert Hoover, Nitro, Riverside, Sissonville, South Charleston, St. Albans | | 1,648,512 | | 1,648,512 | - | 1,648,512 | | 1,648,512 | - |
| Total Expenditures | | 64,920,000 | | 99,483,931 | 34,563,931 | 64,920,000 | | 99,483,931 | 34,563,931 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Collections over Expenditures | \$ | | \$ | (34,045,716) \$ | (34,045,716) | \$ | \$ | (34,045,716) \$ | (34,045,716) |

Actual expenditures reflected in this schedule include funds provided from all sources within the School Board for the purposes specified by the excess levy.

*NOTE: For FY 2019-2020, HVAC & Roofing Improvement categories include encumbrances. Kanawha County Board of Education entered into an Energy Savings agreement with CMTA, Inc. during May of 2020. CMTA, Inc. will be completing the majority of the HVAC and roofing projects specified in the excess levy call. Due to the scope of this contract and the COVID-19 pandemic, the bidding process and writing of the contract took several months. All projects will be completed prior to the end of the levy call period of June, 2024.

Kanawha County Board of Education Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in School Activity Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 | Beginning | ____

| School Name | Beginning Balance | Revenues | Expenditures | Ending Balance |
|---|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Alban Elementary | \$ 41,855 | \$ 46,125 | \$ 39,947 | \$ 48,033 |
| Alum Creek Elementary | 19,885 | 22,971 | 19,098 | 23,758 |
| Andrews Heights Elementary | 37,016 | 19,871 | 13,918 | 42,969 |
| Anne Bailey Elementary | 31,835 | 18,450 | 17,087 | 33,198 |
| Belle Elementary | 32,223 | 73,856 | 63,001 | 43,078 |
| Bridge Elementary | 28,327 | 4,964 | 12,660 | 20,631 |
| Bridgeview Elementary School | 62,137 | 52,405 | 37,876 | 76,666 |
| Cedar Grove Elementary School | 31,821 | 31,054 | 29,441 | 33,434 |
| Central Elementary | 32,133 | 35,077 | 42,941 | 24,269 |
| Chamberlain Elementary | 20,536 | 21,700 | 15,577 | 26,659 |
| Chesapeake Elementary | 37,486 | 18,127 | 14,482 | 41,131 |
| Clendenin Elementary | 74,585 | 9,818 | 8,205 | 76,198 |
| Cross Lanes Elementary | 32,703 | 28,415 | 22,471 | 38,647 |
| Dunbar Intermediate Center | 48,661 | 35,811 | 25,014 | 59,458 |
| Dunbar Primary | 34,943 | 14,944 | 13,172 | 36,715 |
| Edgewood Elementary | 30,485 | 15,730 | 17,560 | 28,655 |
| Elk Elementary Center | 82,952 | 76,224 | 73,432 | 85,744 |
| Flinn Elementary | 61,104 | 61,342 | 57,850 | 64,596 |
| George C. Weimer Elementary | 24,535 | 16,813 | 11,763 | 29,585 |
| Grandview Elementary | 24,966 | 15,667 | 20,039 | 20,594 |
| Holz Elementary | 15,940 | 39,797 | 41,054 | 14,683 |
| Kanawha City Elementary | 28,205 | 23,060 | 24,423 | 26,842 |
| Kenna Elementary | 14,399 | 17,166 | 13,863 | 17,702 |
| Lakewood Elementary | 32,874 | 25,562 | 18,757 | 39,679 |
| Malden Elementary | 23,642 | 21,016 | 18,935 | 25,723 |
| Marmet Elementary | 13,630 | 15,327 | 12,451 | 16,506 |
| Mary Ingles Elementary | 16,438 | 25,295 | 21,306 | 20,427 |
| Midland Trail Elementary | 8,985 | 20,396 | 18,955 | 10,426 |
| Montrose Elementary | 28,054 | 22,412 | 20,853 | 29,613 |
| Nitro Elementary | 59,246 | 45,238 | 41,601 | 62,883 |
| Overbrook Elementary | 46,825 | 45,053 | 44,886 | 46,992 |
| Piedmont Elementary | 21,698 | 30,453 | 25,202 | 26,949 |
| Pinch Elementary | 52,584 | 89,028 | 41,108 | 100,504 |
| Point Harmony Elementary | 45,506 | 103,357 | 89,433 | 59,430 |
| Pratt Elementary | 26,897 | 22,906 | 14,359 | 35,444 |
| Richmond Elementary | 23,143 | 36,507 | 37,528 | 22,122 |
| Ruffner Elementary | 13,574 | 47,605 | 35,791 | 25,388 |
| | 62,231 | 35,703 | 56,188 | 41,746 |
| Ruthlawn Elementary | 12,152 | 7,889 | 4,856 | 15,185 |
| Sharon Dawes Elementary | 33,760 | 27,857 | 25,231 | 36,386 |
| Shoals Elementary | 34,692 | | | |
| Sissonville Elementary | | 15,241 | 11,243 | 38,690 |
| Weberwood Elementary | 32,977 | 33,793 | 27,858 | 38,912 |
| West Side Elementary School | 28,959 | 22,120 | 14,520 | 36,559 |
| Andrew Jackson Middle | 179,146 | 113,689 | 114,626 | 178,209 |
| Cedar Grove Middle School | 65,195 | 54,856 | 51,913 | 68,138 |
| Chandler Academy | 9,828 | 9,025 | 4,312 | 14,541 |
| Dunbar Middle | 90,361 | 69,724 | 55,415 | 104,670 |
| Dupont Middle | 73,871 | 131,240 | 125,138 | 79,973 |
| East Bank Middle | 69,232 | 109,573 | 103,778 | 75,027 |
| Elkview Middle School | 164,262 | 187,662 | 162,284 | 189,640 |
| Hayes Middle School | 21,860 | 86,584 | 83,435 | 25,009 |
| Horace Mann Middle | 71,378 | 86,659 | 82,737 | 75,300 |
| John Adams Middle | 163,770 | 120,263 | 93,883 | 190,150 |
| McKinley Middle School | 125,972 | 57,510 | 57,051 | 126,431 |
| Sissonville Middle | 110,753 | 128,950 | 117,426 | 122,277 |
| South Charleston Middle | 124,945 | 76,481 | 64,576 | 136,850 |
| Stonewall Jackson Middle | 52,153 | 45,378 | 43,988 | 53,543 |
| Capital High | 275,298 | 309,402 | 295,184 | 289,516 |
| George Washington High | 236,111 | 421,624 | 423,902 | 233,833 |
| Herbert Hoover High | 279,047 | 217,346 | 202,589 | 293,804 |
| Nitro High | 111,625 | 211,556 | 200,830 | 122,351 |
| Riverside High | 161,499 | 223,926 | 170,200 | 215,225 |
| Sissonville High | 152,601 | 180,739 | 168,144 | 165,196 |
| South Charleston High | 275,514 | 275,930 | 303,146 | 248,298 |
| St. Albans High | 262,402 | 259,202 | 226,925 | 294,679 |
| Ben Franklin Vocational Center | 878,909 | 365,697 | 350,113 | 894,493 |
| Carver Career Center | 925,431 | 1,223,596 | 1,187,730 | 961,297 |
| Garnet Career Center | 779,265 | 1,229,355 | 1,018,413 | 990,207 |
| KCS Headstart Policy Council | 6,362 | 6,474 | 1,530 | 11,306 |
| KCS Community Education | 1,612,435 | 1,078,638 | 1,488,782 | 1,202,291 |
| Totals | \$ 8,745,824 | \$ 8,673,224 | \$ 8,413,985 | \$ 9,005,063 |
| | | _ | _ | |
| Related Entity Funds | e 33.033 | ¢ 400.70: | e 004.407 | e 40.000 |
| Laidley Field | \$ 77,677 | \$ 199,794 | \$ 231,427 | \$ 46,044 |
| Regulatory Training Center | 750,612 | 926,757 | 1,018,414 | 658,955 |
| Totals | \$ 828,289 | \$ 1,126,551 | \$ 1,249,841 | \$ 704,999 |
| Individual Schools and Related Entities | \$ 9,574,113 | \$ 9,799,775 | \$ 9,663,826 | \$ 9,710,062 |
| | | | | |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE GRANT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Awarding Agency | Grant Name | Grant Identification | Period of Award | Total Grant Award | Beginning Balance (7/1/19) | Current Year Receipts | Current Year Expenditures | Ending Balance (6/30/20) | Amount Receivable | е |
|--|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| WV Department of Ed | 09TR.CTY | GRTAWD04022000000862 | 7/1/19-9/30/21 | \$ 408,003.00 | \$ - | \$ 408,003.00 | \$ 347,105.66 | - \$ 60,897.34 | - \$ - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 09TR.OC | GRTAWD04022000005311 | 7/1/19-9/30/21 | 7,395.00 | - | 7,395.00 | - | 7,395.00 | | |
| WV Department of Ed | 09TR.CTY | GRTAWD04021900001134 | 7/1/18-9/30/20 | 403,268.00 | 64,998.97 | - | 64,998.97 | | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.HASP | GRTAWD04021900003168 | 7/1/17-9/30/20 | 37,673.00 | 5,526.92 | - | - | 5,526.92 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 09TR.OC | GRTAWD04021900005715 | 7/1/18-9/30/20 | 19,362.00 | 19,362.00 | - | 19,362.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JDRG | GRTAWD04022000000231 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 9,000.00 | - | 9,000.00 | 9,000.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JDRG | GRTAWD04022000002229 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 25,000.00 | - | 25,000.00 | 25,000.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JDRG | GRTAWD04022000001404 | 7/1/19-9/30/21 | 95,434.51 | - | 95,434.51 | - | 95,434.51 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ACTCH | GRTAWD04022000000473 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 258,794.00 | - | 258,794.00 | 258,794.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ACTCH | GRTAWD04021900006261 | 6/1/19-6/30/20 | 35,000.00 | - | 35,000.00 | 35,000.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.JCTE | GRTAWD04021900005595 | 4/1/19-6/30/21 | 170,000.00 | 170,000.00 | - | 118,441.00 | 51,559.00 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.FORM | GRTAWD04022000000611 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 239,820.00 | - | 239,820.00 | 90,668.64 | 149,151.36 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN | GRTAWD04022000001165 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,500.00 | - | 1,500.00 | 1,500.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN | GRTAWD04022000002085 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,000.00 | - | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN | GRTAWD04022000002786 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 250.00 | - | 250.00 | - | 250.00 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.STRS | GRTAWD04022000004403 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 3,352.00 | - | 3,352.00 | 2,950.52 | 401.48 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN 03CX.INCEN | GRTAWD04022000004498 GRTAWD04022000005334 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 10,000.00 2,000.00 | - | 10,000.00 2,000.00 | 10,000.00 | 2,000.00 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.INCEN | GRTAWD04022000005534 GRTAWD04022000005880 | 6/1/20-6/30/21 | 62,889.00 | _ | 2,000.00 | - | 2,000.00 | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.TRVL | GRTAWD04022000003000 GRTAWD04022000000803 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 40,315.00 | _ | 40,315.00 | 2,842.77 | 37,472.23 | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.EQRPL | GRTAWD04022000000595 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 61,704.00 | _ | 61,704.00 | 886.43 | 60,817.57 | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | INCENTIVE | GRTAWD04021600005392 | 6/1/16-6/30/21 | 50,000.00 | 14,175.99 | - | 14,175.99 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | CTE - INCENTIVE | GRTAWD04021700001570 | 7/1/16-6/30/21 | 12,921.00 | 1,024.18 | - | 1,024.18 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.INCEN | GRTAWD04021800003417 | 12/1/17-6/30/21 | 50,000.00 | 4,176.91 | - | 3,286.23 | 890.68 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN | GRTAWD04021800005199 | 6/1/18-6/30/21 | 25,339.00 | 1,529.14 | - | 1,529.14 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.EQRPL | GRTAWD04021800000226 | 7/1/17-6/30/21 | 61,704.00 | 26,001.85 | - | 26,001.85 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.FORM | GRTAWD04021900000285 | 7/1/18-6/30/21 | 239,820.00 | 66,434.57 | - | 66,434.57 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR STRS | GRTAWD04021900003914 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 19,500.00 | 19,498.15 | - | 19,498.15 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR STRS | GRTAWD04021900003916 | 7/1/18-6/30/21 | 3,352.00 | 59.56 | - | 59.56 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INCN | GRTAWD04021900006314 | 6/1/19-6/30/21 | 155,248.00 | - - | 155,248.00 | 98,880.37 | 56,367.63 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.TRVL | GRTAWD04021900000375 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 40,315.00 | 19,101.91 | - | 19,101.91 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.EQRPL | GRTAWD04021900000489 | 7/1/18-6/30/21 | 61,704.00 | 9,283.01 | - | 4,778.83 | 4,504.18 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed WV Department of Ed | 05SA.LSDOP 05SA.INNED | GRTAWD04021600003738 GRTAWD04021700004065 | 1/1/16-7/31/21 2/1/17-6/28/21 | 280,508.00 630,171.30 | 10,255.85 192,652.75 | - | 61,663.52 | 10,255.85 130,989.23 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.INNED | GRTAWD04021700004003 GRTAWD04021700004072 | 2/1/17-6/28/21 | 64,832.63 | 4,234.64 | | 01,000.02 | 4,234.64 | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELLEA | GRTAWD04021700004072 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 419,520.00 | -,204.04 | 419,520.00 | 312,209.32 | 107,310.68 | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA ELLEA | GRTAWD04021900001408 | 7/1/18-12/30/19 | 415,141.00 | 183,618.30 | - | 183,618.30 | - | _ | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR TRU | GRTAWD04022000002844 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 49,599.00 | - | 49,599.00 | 43,723.15 | 5,875.85 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR TRU | GRTAWD04021800002769 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 57,542.00 | 40,890.82 | - | 8,474.07 | 32,416.75 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR TRU | GRTAWD04021900001722 | 7/1/18-6/30/20 | 49,594.00 | 17,763.07 | - | 6,796.73 | 10,966.34 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ESL | GRTAWD04022000001370 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 6,843.47 | - | 6,843.47 | 1,710.38 | 5,133.09 | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ESL | GRTAWD04021700002545 | 7/1/16-6/30/20 | 7,684.41 | 320.00 | - | 320.00 | - | - | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ESL | GRTAWD04021800002094 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 7,853.26 | 7,014.12 | - | 7,014.12 | - | - | |

| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ESL | GRTAWD04021900002377 | 7/1/18-6/30/21 | 8,091.21 | 8,091.21 | - | 7,506.23 | 584.98 | - |
|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA TEX | GRTAWD04021800004886 | 7/1/17-12/31/19 | 17,900.50 | 0.01 | - | 0.01 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR SFSC | GRTAWD04022000003713 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 351,528.09 | - | 351,528.09 | - | 351,528.09 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.HSED | GRTAWD04022000004280 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 3,500.00 | - | 3,500.00 | - | 3,500.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY TES | GRTAWD04021600005212 | 6/1/16-6/30/21 | 5,000.00 | 96.30 | - | 96.30 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.TCTW | GRTAWD04022000001711 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 40,000.00 | - | 40,000.00 | | 40,000.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA TFS | GRTAWD04022000002630 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 785,516.70 | - | 785,516.70 | 238,358.95 | 547,157.75 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.TCTW | GRTAWD04021700005393 | 6/1/17-6/30/21 | 20,000.00 | 12,174.29 | - | 11,958.79 | 215.50 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.TCTW | GRTAWD04021800005006 | 6/1/18-6/30/21 | 20,000.00 | 20,000.00 | _ | 14,336.00 | 5,664.00 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA TFS | GRTAWD04021900001910 | 7/1/18-6/30/20 | 974,571.31 | 496,914.98 | _ | 496,914.98 | · - | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.ADM | GRTAWD04022000002235 | 8/19/19-8/18/20 | 750.00 | - | 750.00 | 750.00 | - | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 99UCR.BT | GRTAWD04022000003152 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 15,000.00 | _ | 15,000.00 | 8,967.11 | 6,032.89 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.ADM | GRTAWD04022000002689 | 9/16/19-9/15/20 | 25,000.00 | _ | 25,000.00 | 19,137.96 | 5,862.04 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.VS | GRTAWD04022000003379 | 8/1/19-6/15/20 | 6,935.00 | _ | 6,935.00 | 6,935.00 | - | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 07CO TOY | GRTAWD04022000004100 | 7/1/19-9/30/20 | 300.00 | _ | 300.00 | - | 300.00 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CXR.0 | GRTAWD04022000004457 | 2/1/20-6/30/20 | 10,000.00 | _ | 10,000.00 | 9,886.06 | 113.94 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR AP | GRTAWD04022000005636 | 6/10/20-9/30/20 | 13,824.00 | _ | - | - | - | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSTW | GRTAWD04022000001699 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 20,000.00 | - | 20,000.00 | 8,000.00 | 12,000.00 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.TPTN | GRTAWD04021700005259 | 5/22/17-6/30/21 | 3,000.00 | 556.00 | 20,000.00 | - | 556.00 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 07CO TOY | GRTAWD04021700003233 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 300.00 | 51.03 | _ | 51.03 | 550.00 | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR TMS | GRTAWD04021800003710 | 1/1/18-6/30/21 | 113,000.00 | 43,784.61 | <u>-</u> | 3,440.20 | 40,344.41 | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CXR.0 | GRTAWD04021800005710 | 6/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | _ | 1,000.00 | 40,044.41 | |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSTW | GRTAWD040217000053290 | 6/1/17-6/30/20 | 35,000.00 | 9,812.47 | - | 9,812.47 | | _ |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSTW | GRTAWD04021700005502 | 6/1/18-6/30/21 | 40,000.00 | 28,877.54 | _ | 1,053.66 | 27,823.88 | - |
| • | 05SAR ELAS | | | 10,000.00 | | - | 1,055.00 | | - |
| WV Department of Ed WV Department of Ed | 05SAR ART | GRTAWD04021900003400 GRTAWD04021900005985 | 11/6/18-6/30/21 5/17/19-6/30/21 | 500.00 | 11.97 | 500.00 | 440.00 | 11.97 60.00 | - |
| | | | | | | 500.00 | | | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR PD | GRTAWD04021900005442 | 4/15/19-6/30/21 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | - | 44.28 | 955.72 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA ELOTH | GRTAWD04021900005384 | 4/15/19-6/30/21 | 1,600.00 | 1,600.00 | - | 990.00 | 610.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.NBCT | GRTAWD04022000003643 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,145.00 | - | 1,145.00 | 1,145.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.REIM | GRTAWD04022000005703 | 7/1/19-7/30/20 | 26,444.58 | - | 26,444.58 | 26,253.03 | 191.55 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.NBCT | GRTAWD04022000005800 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 7,919.31 | - | - | - | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SAR.NBCT | GRTAWD04021900006426 | 7/1/18-6/30/20 | 15,075.00 | - (44 504 05) | 15,075.00 | 15,075.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.REIMB | GRTAWD04021900006201 | 7/1/18-6/30/19 | 50,195.75 | (44,501.85) | 50,195.75 | 5,693.90 | | - |
| WV Department of Ed | STRAT FORU | GRTAWD04021900005652 | 3/1/19-6/30/21 | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 | - | - | 2,000.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ADTPR | GRTAWD04022000000277 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,597,896.00 | - | 1,597,896.00 | 1,597,896.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04022000003114 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 5,000.00 | - | 5,000.00 | - | 5,000.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA ACE | GRTAWD04022000003562 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 1,150.00 | - | 1,150.00 | - | 1,150.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04022000005376 | 5/1/20-6/30/21 | 9,600.00 | - | 9,600.00 | - | 9,600.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | PLTW/PREENGINEERING | GRTAWD04021600001503 | 7/1/15-6/30/21 | 18,747.00 | 210.64 | - | 210.64 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | SIMULATED WORKPLACE | GRTAWD04021700001844 | 7/1/16-6/30/20 | 35,190.00 | 1,488.24 | - | 1,488.24 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04021800004425 | 3/1/18-6/30/21 | 25,520.00 | 11,010.89 | - | 5,168.90 | 5,841.99 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04021800004732 | 5/1/18-6/30/21 | 10,180.00 | 5,705.37 | - | 4,320.10 | 1,385.27 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.SIM | GRTAWD04021800005084 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 22,740.00 | 22,740.00 | - | 22,740.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04021900002900 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 7,000.00 | 7,000.00 | - | 7,000.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELRE | GRTAWD04021900004172 | 7/1/18-6/30/19 | 3,100.00 | 850.00 | - | 850.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA INNOV | GRTAWD04021900005623 | 7/1/18-6/30/21 | 7,500.00 | 7,500.00 | - | 6,998.00 | 502.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PREE | GRTAWD04021900006230 | 5/1/19-6/30/20 | 5,996.00 | 5,996.00 | - | 5,996.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PGMMD | GRTAWD04022000001066 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 95,576.00 | - | 95,576.00 | 95,576.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | CTE-PROGRAM MODERNIZATION | GRTAWD04021700000713 | 7/3/16-6/30/21 | 67,148.00 | 7,202.45 | - | 7,202.45 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.PGMMD | GRTAWD04021800000684 | 7/1/17-6/30/21 | 165,394.00 | 5,324.65 | - | 4,003.31 | 1,321.34 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELRE | GRTAWD04022000003181 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 60,631.00 | - | 60,631.00 | 60,631.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ADVCR | GRTAWD04022000004416 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 15,389.00 | - | 15,389.00 | 12,591.00 | 2,798.00 | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JROTC | GRTAWD04022000003952 | 7/1/19-6/30/20 | 1,500.00 | - | 1,500.00 | 1,500.00 | - | - |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| WV Department of Ed | CTE ADVANCE CAREER | GRTAWD04021500004772 | 7/1/14-6/30/21 | 5,000.00 | 791.98 | - | - | 791.98 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ADVCR | GRTAWD04021600002202 | 7/1/15-6/30/21 | 50,000.00 | 24,590.13 | - | - | 24,590.13 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | CTE ADVANCE CAREER | GRTAWD04021600003588 | 7/1/15-6/30/21 | 100,000.00 | 3,599.51 | - | 3,599.51 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | CTE ADVANCE CAREER | GRTAWD04021600004569 | 7/1/15-6/30/21 | 50,000.00 | 2,394.49 | - | 2,394.49 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JROTC | GRTAWD04021700002937 | 7/1/16-6/30/21 | 4,850.00 | 215.86 | - | 215.86 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELRE | GRTAWD04021800001497 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 27,410.00 | 2,852.00 | - | 2,852.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELRE | GRTAWD04021800001981 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 13,239.00 | 3,540.00 | - | 3,540.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.ELRE | GRTAWD04021800002025 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 5,000.00 | 2,000.00 | - | 2,000.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA JROTC | GRTAWD04021800003206 | 7/1/17-6/30/20 | 1,500.00 | 238.40 | - | 238.40 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04022000002565 | 7/1/19-6/30/21 | 1,000.00 | - | 1,000.00 | - | 1,000.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04022000005889 | 1/1/20-6/30/21 | 2,500.00 | - | - | - | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04021700004679 | 1/1/17-6/30/20 | 350.00 | 88.28 | - | 88.28 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04021800004467 | 1/1/18-6/30/20 | 6,015.00 | 2,312.00 | - | 2,312.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04021900005224 | 1/1/19-6/30/21 | 250.00 | 250.00 | - | 199.06 | 50.94 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 05SA.HSPAD | GRTAWD04021900005640 | 1/1/19-6/30/21 | 5,800.00 | 5,800.00 | - | 3,493.52 | 2,306.48 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.CN | GRTAWD04022000004994 | 3/10/20-6/30/21 | 8,545.00 | - | 8,545.00 | 8,545.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.CN | GRTAWD04022000005507 | 6/1/20-9/30/20 | 1,650.00 | - | 1,650.00 | - | 1,650.00 | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.CN | GRTAWD04021900006053 | 5/1/19-5/30/20 | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 | - | 2,000.00 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.CN | GRTAWD04021900004824 | 2/1/19-6/30/20 | 112,701.00 | 95,811.68 | - | 95,811.68 | - | - |
| WV Department of Ed | 03CX.CN | GRTAWD04021900006004 | 5/1/19-6/30/21 | 1,500.00 | 1,500.00 | - | 1,287.77 | 212.23 | |
| | | | | TOTAL: | \$ 628,316.40 | \$1,353,815.51 | \$ 1,303,984.29 | \$ 370,214.13 | \$ - |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

All boards of education within West Virginia are required by statute to prepare annual budgets and levy rate estimates on prescribed forms and submit these for approval. Budgets are not adopted for agency funds. The following procedures are followed in preparing the annual budget:

- 1. Pursuant to State statute, the School Board is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain its financial condition and to determine the amount that is to be raised from the levy of taxes for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The Board adjourns the meeting and submits its Schedule of Proposed Levy Rates to the State Auditor's Office for approval. The School Board then reconvenes its meeting on the third Tuesday of April to formally lay the approved levy.
- 2. The School Board is also required to submit its proposed budget for the subsequent year to the State Board of Education for approval by the date established in the budget calendar. The Board is also required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget before it is submitted for approval. The proposed budget must be made available for public inspection for at least 10 days before the public hearing is held.

Revisions to the budget are authorized only with the prior written approval of the State Board of Education.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations:

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the funds listed at the function level, which, according to State Board Policy, is the level at which budgetary controls must be maintained.

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND:

| <u>Function</u> | <u>Amount</u> |
|--|---|
| Capital outlay Operation and maintenance of facilities Support service | \$ (22,141,852) (79,449) (48,533) |

The over-expenditures in these programs were funded by a reduction of expenditures in the remaining instructional programs, available beginning fund balance and revenues received in excess of the anticipated amounts budgeted.

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title | Pass-Through Number | Federal CFDA Number | Disbursements |
|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE | | | |
| Passed Through West Virginia Department of Education: | | | |
| Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program | 2020 | 10.555 | \$ 10,818,493 |
| Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) | 2020 | 10.555 | 1,013,487 |
| | | | 11,831,980 |
| Summer Food Service Program for Children | 2020 | 10.559 | 3,982,880 |
| | | | 3,982,880 |
| Total - Nutrition Cluster | | | 15,814,860 |
| | | | |
| Child and Adult Food Care Program | 2020 | 10.558 | 85,984 |
| Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Program-Cash Assistance | 2020 | 10.582 | 263,856 |
| Hardwin HC Cabarl Challenge | 2020 | 40.540 | 44.000 |
| Healthier US School Challenge | 2020 | 10.543 | 11,000 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | \$ 16,175,700 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION | | | |
| Passed Through West Virginia Department of Education: | | | |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | GRTAWD04022000001466 GRTAWD04022000003452 | 84.010 84.010 | \$ 8,461,833 489,286 |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | GRTAWD04022000003452 GRTAWD04022000002285 | 84.010 | 15,551 |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | GRTAWD04021800000933 | 84.010 | 3,690 |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | GRTAWD04021900001344 GRTAWD04021900003834 | 84.010 84.010 | 1,877,059 462,120 |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | GRTAWD04021900003634 GRTAWD04021900002674 | 84.010 | 14,360 |
| Total - Title I | | | 11,323,899 |
| Special Education Cluster: | | | |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04022000001669 | 84.027 | 6,252,259 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04022000003585 | 84.027 | 497 |
| Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04022000004430 GRTAWD04022000004634 | 84.027 84.027 | 1,632 2,500 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04022000001295 | 84.027 | 203,479 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04021800000995 | 84.027 | 2,397 |
| Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04021800005052 GRTAWD04021900001076 | 84.027 84.027 | 5 590,154 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04021900006235 | 84.027 | 2,000 |
| Special Education - Grants to States | GRTAWD04021900000073 | 84.027 | 7,055,050 |
| | | | 7,055,050 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants | GRTAWD04022000002518 | 84.173 | 2,500 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education - Preschool Grants | GRTAWD04022000001579 GRTAWD04022000002246 | 84.173 84.173 | 137,991 15,000 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants | GRTAWD04022000002240 GRTAWD04021900000753 | 84.173 | 91,955 |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants | GRTAWD04021900006275 | 84.173 | 1,046 |
| Total - Special Education Cluster | | | 248,492 7,303,542 |
| Total - Opecial Education Glustei | | | 7,303,342 |
| Special Education Technical Assistance and Dissemination | GRTAWD04021900005930 | 84.326 | 665 |
| Title II Improving Teacher Quality | GRTAWD04021900002426 | 84.367 | 186,712 |
| Title II Improving Teacher Quality | GRTAWD04021800001415 | 84.367 | 65,774 |
| Title II Improving Teacher Quality | GRTAWD04022000001539 | 84.367 | 1,194,707 |
| Total - Title II Improving Teacher Quality | | | 1,447,193 |
| Title III English Language | GRTAWD04022000001425 | 84.365 | 23,872 |
| Title III English Language | GRTAWD04021800001896 | 84.365 | 9,622 |
| Title III English Language Total - Title III English Language | GRTAWD04021900002550 | 84.365 | 8,831 42,325 |
| | | | |
| Title IV | GRTAWD04022000004068 GRTAWD04021900002610 | 84.424 84.424 | 135,056 443,773 |
| Title IV | GRTAWD04021800002462 | 84.424 | 81,052 |
| Total - Title IV | | | 659,881 |
| Title VI | GRTAWD04021900005282 | 84.369 | 85,534 |
| Title VI | GRTAWD04021900005608 | 84.369 | 2,000 |
| Total - Title VI | | | 87,534 |
| CARES Act | GRTAWD04022000005941 | 84.425 | 141,817 |
| | | | |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants | GRTAWD04022000001004 GRTAWD04022000005207 | 84.048 84.048 | 442,521 5,381 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants | GRTAWD04022000005207 GRTAWD04021900000216 | 84.048 | 32,669 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants | GRTAWD04021900005026 | 84.048 | 14,819 |
| Total - Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants | | | 495,390 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04022000002111 | 84.196 | 21,037 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04022000002113 | 84.196 | 13,636 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04022000002112 GRTAWD04022000004011 | 84.196 84.196 | 15,000 42,249 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04021800002730 | 84.196 | 7,477 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04021900002682 | 84.196 | 11,042 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth Total - Education for Homeless Children and Youth | GRTAWD04021900004573 | 84.196 | 1,577 112,018 |
| | | | |
| Total U.S. Department of Educatior | | | \$ 21,614,264 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES | | | |
| Passed Through West Virginia Department of Education: | | | |
| School-Based HIV/STD Prevention School-Based HIV/STD Prevention | GRTAWD04021900005896 GRTAWD04021900005895 | 93.079 93.079 | \$ 1,500 1,200 |
| Total - School-Based HIV/STD Prevention | OLI LVAN PO+07 1900000000 | 33.079 | 2,700 |
| | ODTAMOS | | |
| State Opiod Response | GRTAWD04022000004392 | 93.788 | 2,934 |
| Head Start | 2020 | 93.600 | 3,684,900 |
| Fotal II C. Department of Health and Human Comition | | | |
| Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | | 3,690,534 |
| J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY | | | |
| Passed Through West Virginia Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management | | | |
| Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) | FEMA-4273-DR-WV | 97.036 | 6,001,945 |
| | 7210-DICTVV | 57.000 | 5,001,945 |
| Total U.S. Department of of Homeland Security | | | \$ 6,001,945 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ 47,482,443 |
| | | | |

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Board has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Board under programs of the Federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position and changes in net position of the Board.

NOTE 4 - DONATED FOOD COMMODITIES VALUE

Donated food commodities represent surplus agricultural commodities received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (CFDA #10.555), passed-through from the West Virginia Department of Agriculture. Commodities are valued based on amounts as established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, total expenditures were \$1,013,487.



313 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 19, 2021

Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County 200 Elizabeth Street Charleston, WV 25311

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kanawha County Board of Education, Kanawha County, (the Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Board's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Gerry Marcutes CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio



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150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER

COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

March 19, 2021

Kanawha County Board of Education Kanawha County 200 Elizabeth Street Charleston, WV 25311

Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Kanawha County Board of Education's** (the Board) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Kanawha County Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the Board's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The Board's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Board's compliance for the Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect the major federal programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the of the Board's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Board's compliance.

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Kanawha County Board of Education
Kanawha County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Kanawha County Board of Education complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Board's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Board's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect the major federal programs, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Marocutes CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

KANAWHA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| (d)(1)(i) | Type of Financial Statement Opinion | Unmodified |
|--------------|--|---|
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(iii) | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No |
| (d)(1)(v) | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion | Unmodified |
| (d)(1)(vi) | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)? | No |
| (d)(1)(vii) | Major Programs (list): | CFDA# 84.010 – Title I CFDA# 97.036 – Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs | Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others |
| (d)(1)(ix) | Low Risk Auditee? | Yes |

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None